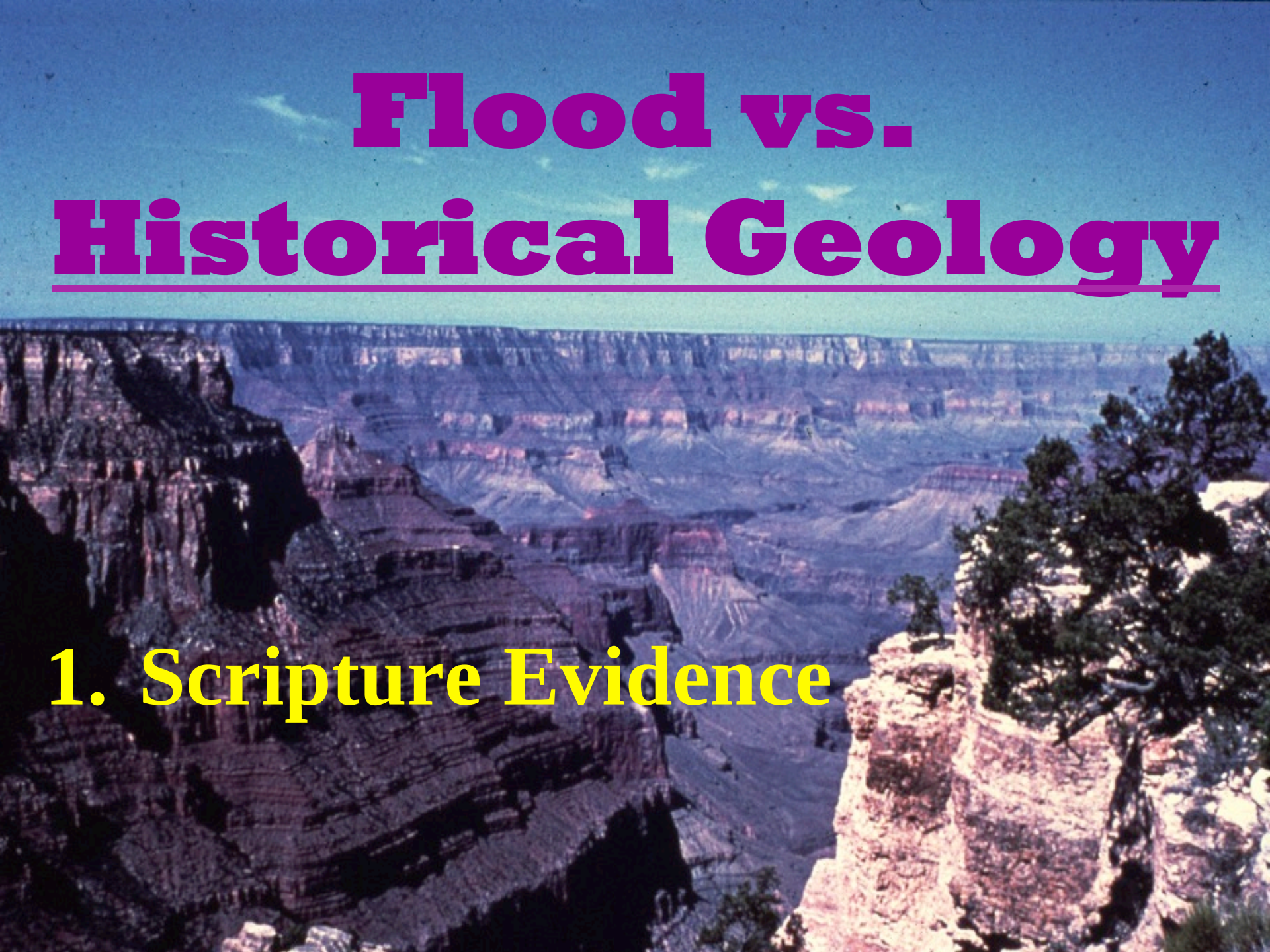

SCIENCE &
SCRIPTURE

Flood vs. Historical Geology

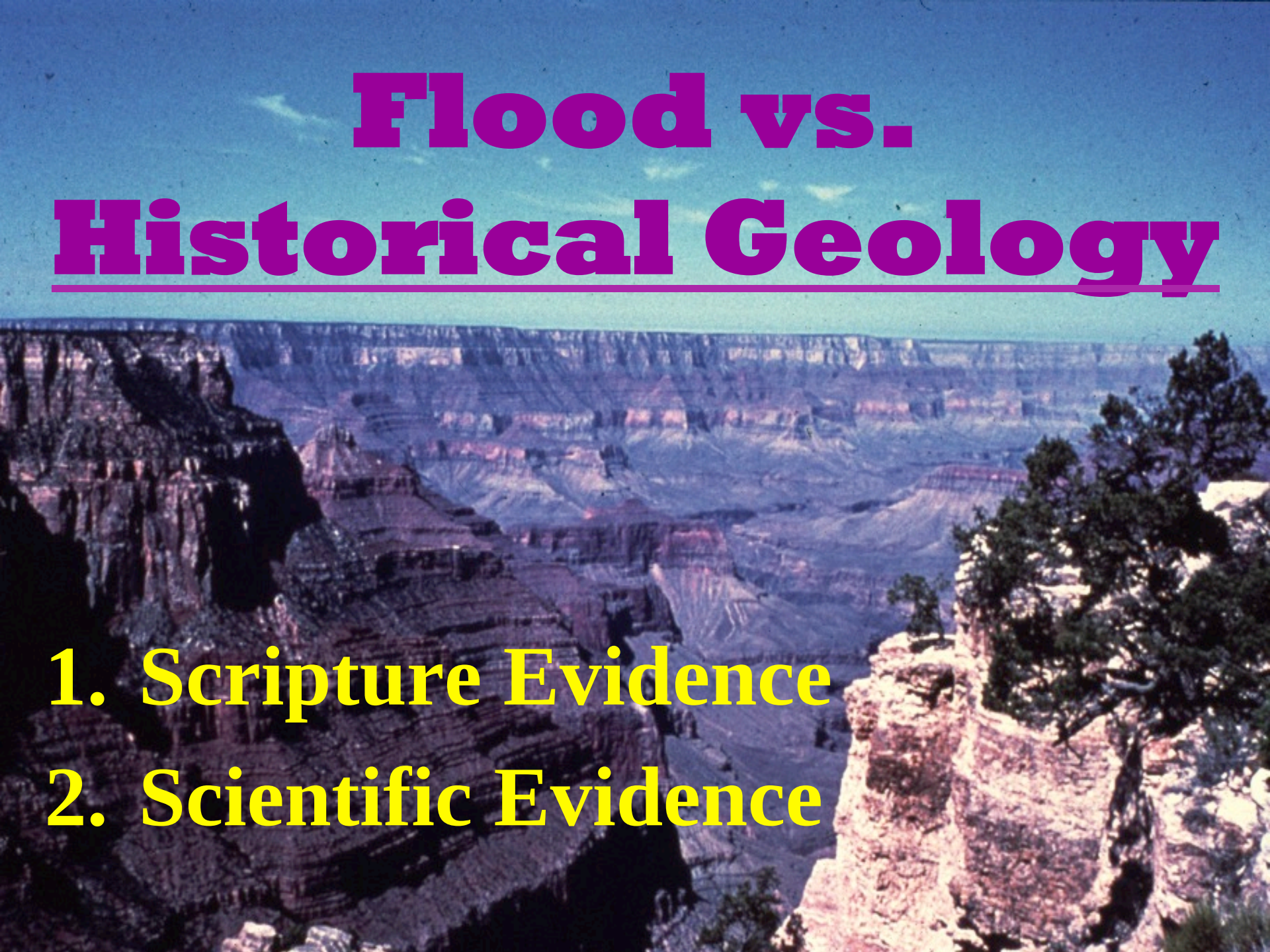


1. Scripture Evidence

FLOOD

- **Judgment -** Wicked
  Universal - Mankind
  Earth
- **Deliverance -** Righteous
  Selective - Noah's Family
  Animals

Flood vs. Historical Geology



1. Scripture Evidence
2. Scientific Evidence

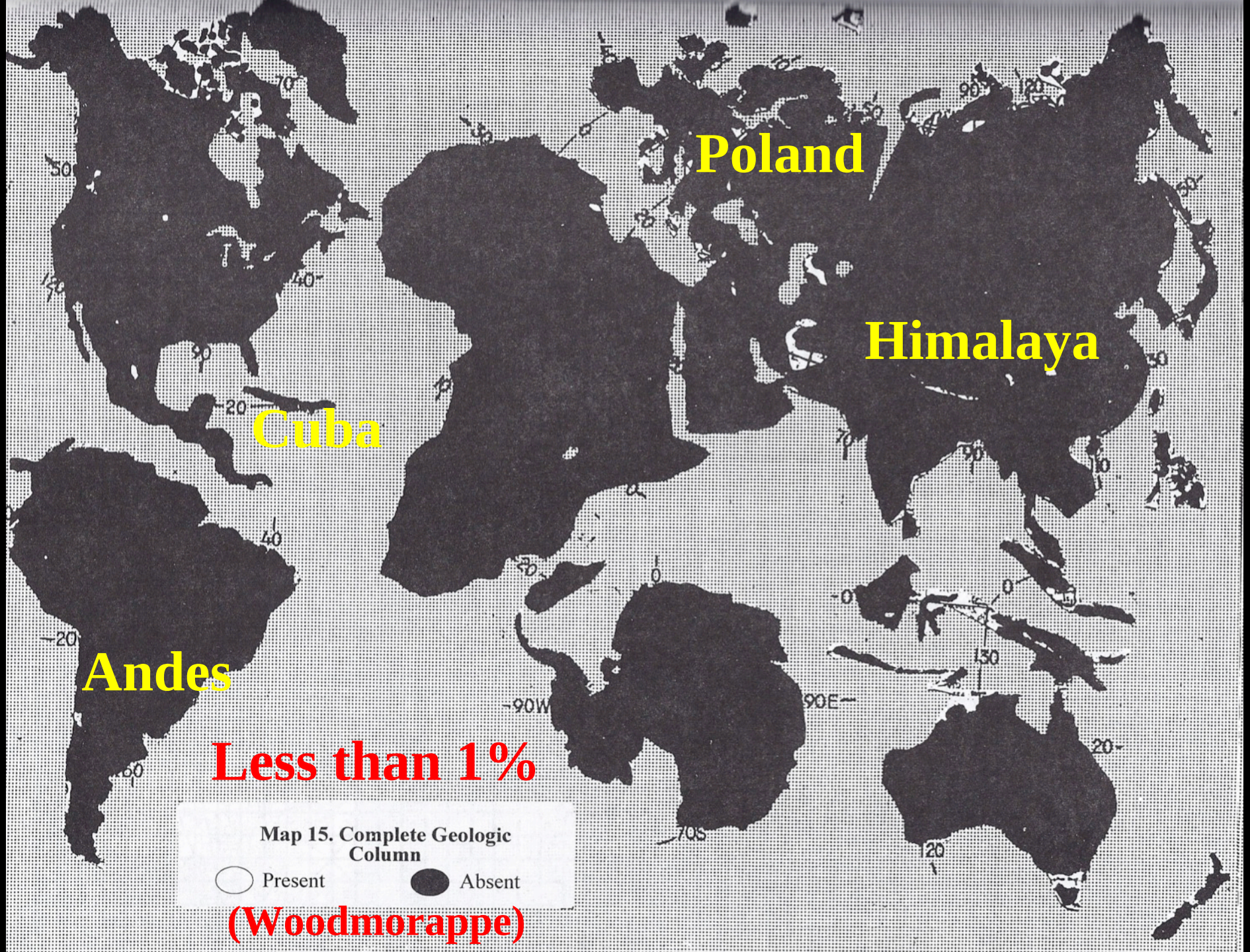
Geological Column

Problems

1. Theoretical
   < 1% Earth

ERA	PERIOD	MILLIONS OF YEARS START	DURATION
CENOZOIC	PLEISTOCENE	1	1
	PLIOCENE	11	10
	MIOCENE	25	14
	OLIGOCENE	40	15
	EOCENE	60	20
	PALEOCENE	70	10
MESOZOIC	CRETACEOUS	135	65
	JURASSIC	180	45
	TRIASSIC	225	45
PALEOZOIC	PERMIAN	270	55
	PENNSYLVANIAN	310	40
	MISSISSIPPIAN	350	40
	DEVONIAN	400	50
	SILURIAN	440	40
	ORDOVICIAN	500	60
	CAMBRIAN	600	100
PRECAMBRIAN	LATE	1700	1100
	EARLY	3440	1700

Absence of fossils of multicellular life


Poland
Himalaya
Cuba
Andes
Less than 1%
Map 15. Complete Geologic Column
Present
Absent
(Woodmorappe)

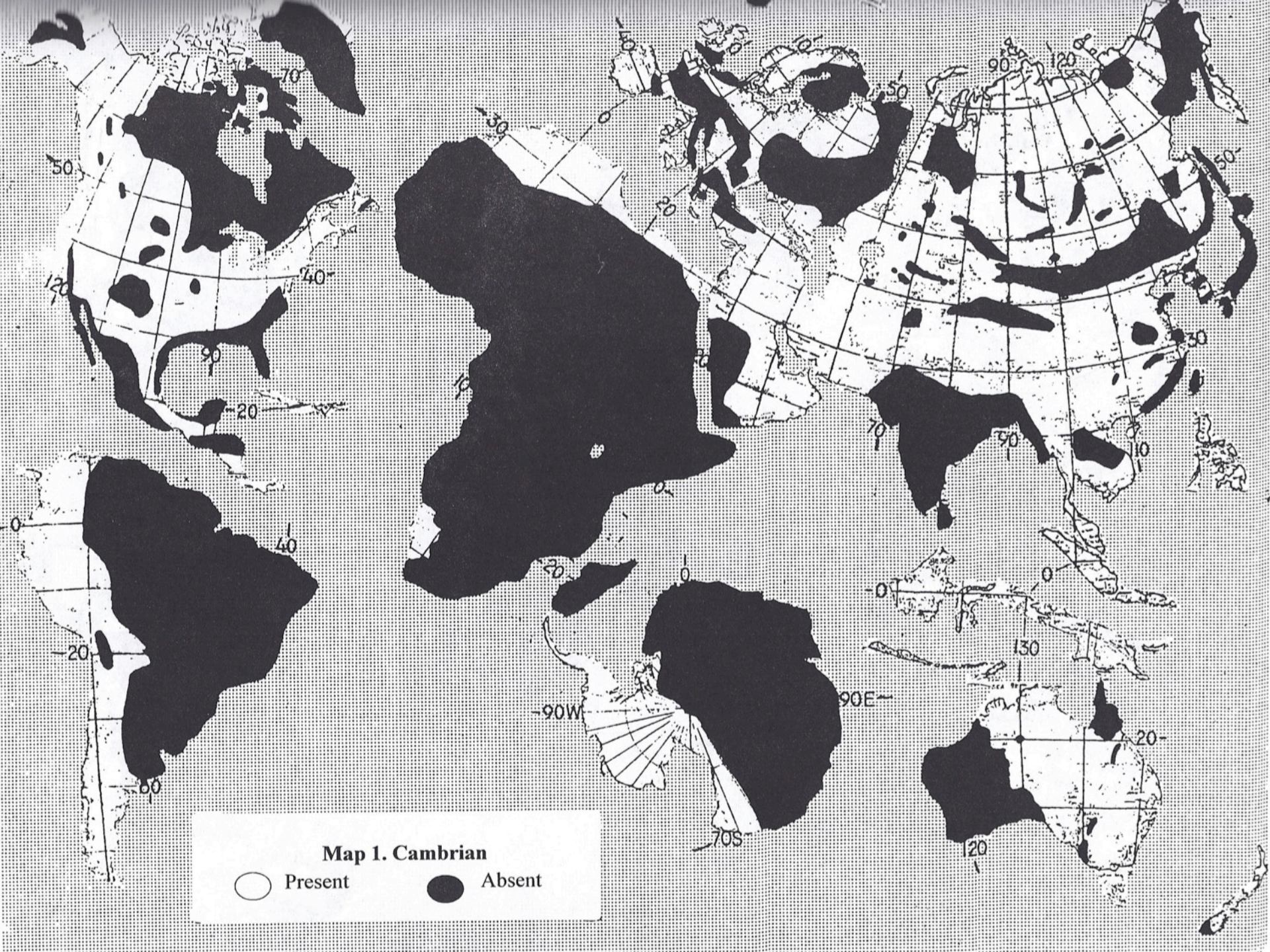
Geological Column

Problems

1. Theoretical
   < 1% Earth
2. Evolution
3. Missing
   66% < 5

ERA	PERIOD	MILLIONS OF YEARS START	MILLIONS OF YEARS DURATION
CENOZOIC	PLEISTOCENE	1	1
	PLIOCENE	11	10
	MIOCENE	25	14
	OLIGOCENE	40	15
	EOCENE	60	20
	PALEOCENE	70	10
MESOZOIC	CRETACEOUS	135	65
	JURASSIC	180	45
	TRIASSIC	225	45
PALEOZOIC	PERMIAN	270	55
	PENNSYLVANIAN	310	40
	MISSISSIPPIAN	350	40
	DEVONIAN	400	50
	SILURIAN	440	40
	ORDOVICIAN	500	60
	CAMBRIAN	600	100
PRECAMBRIAN	LATE	1700	1100
	EARLY	3440	1700

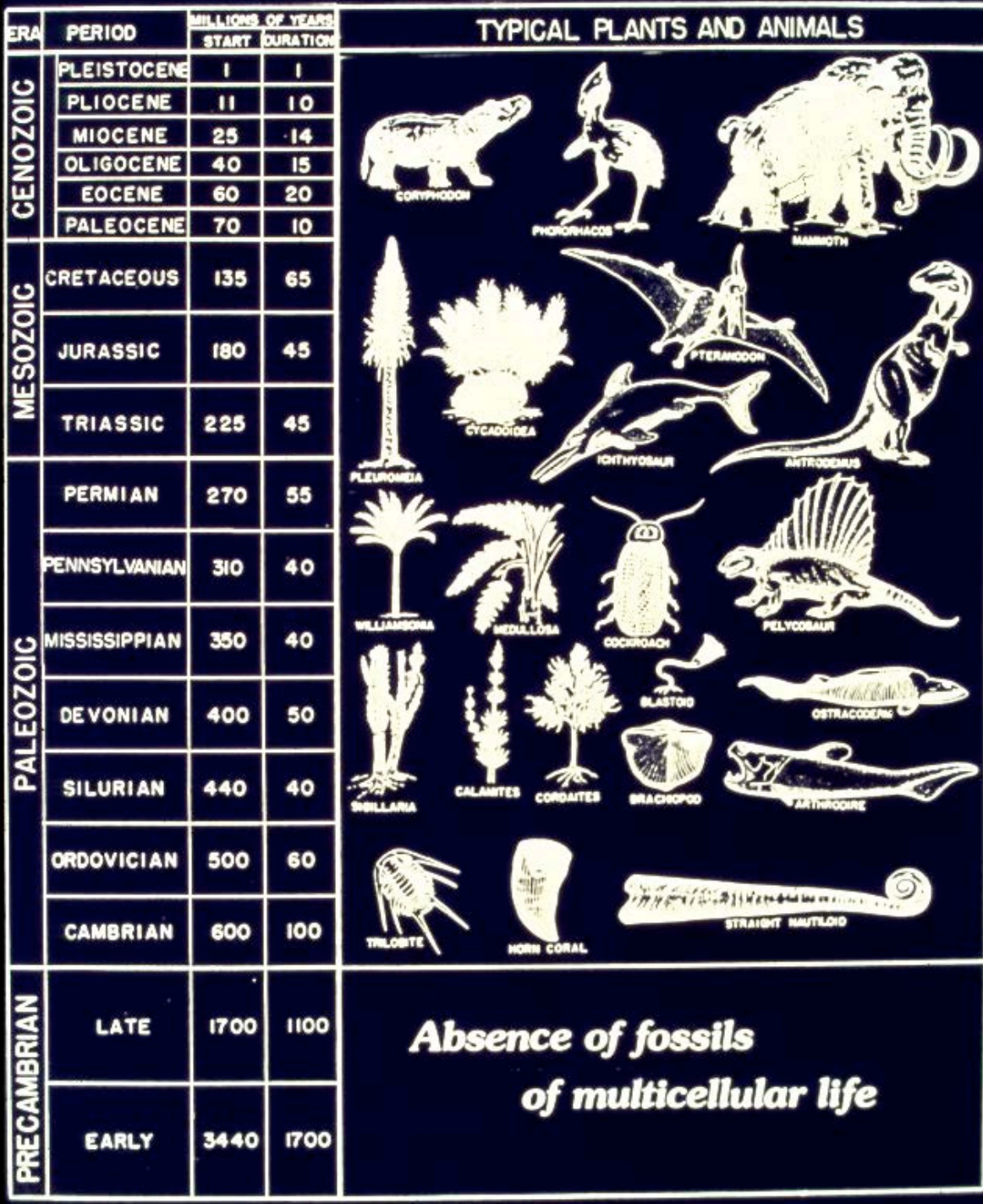
Absence of fossils of multicellular life

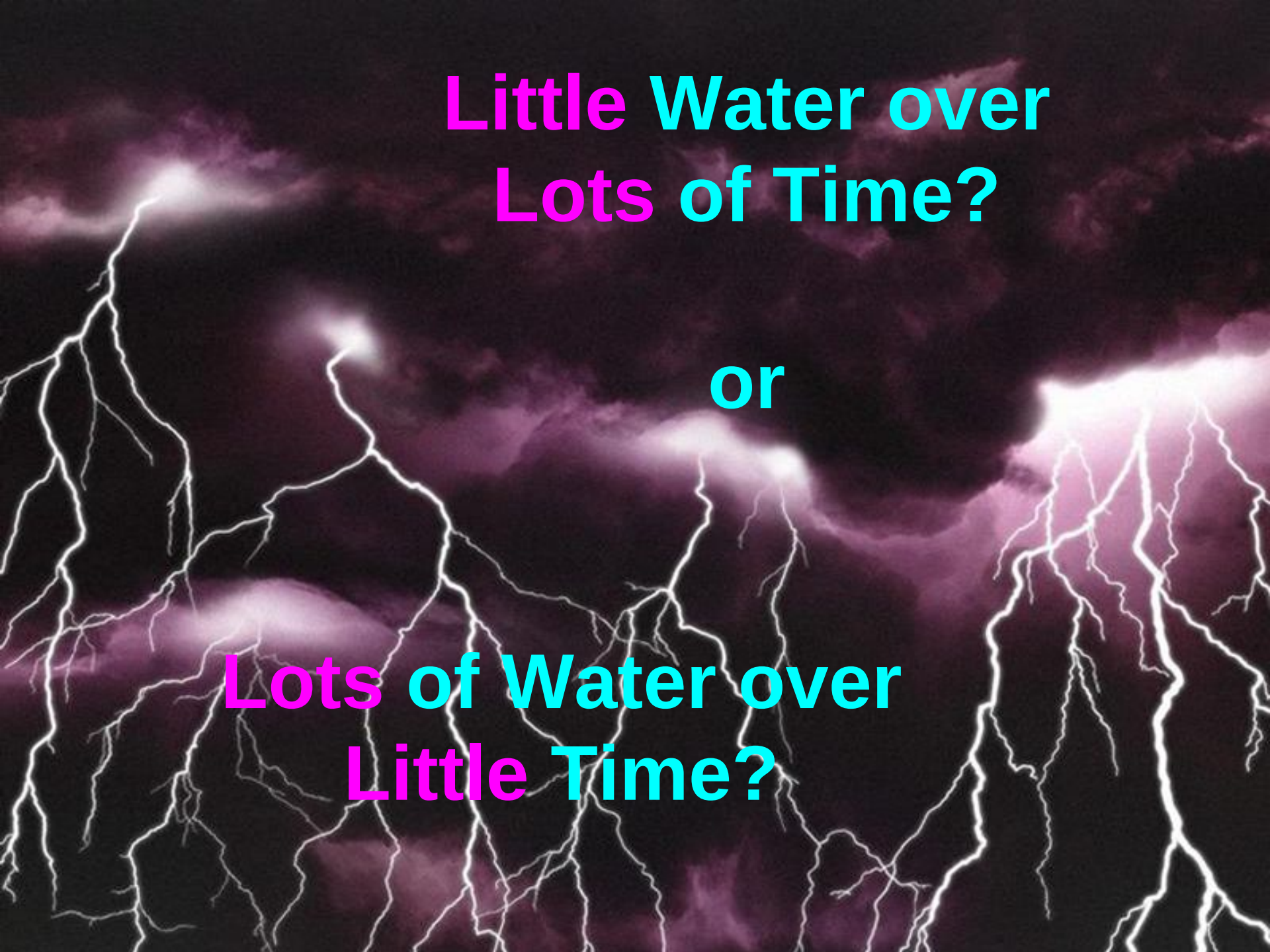

Map 1. Cambrian
Present
Absent

Geological Column

Problems

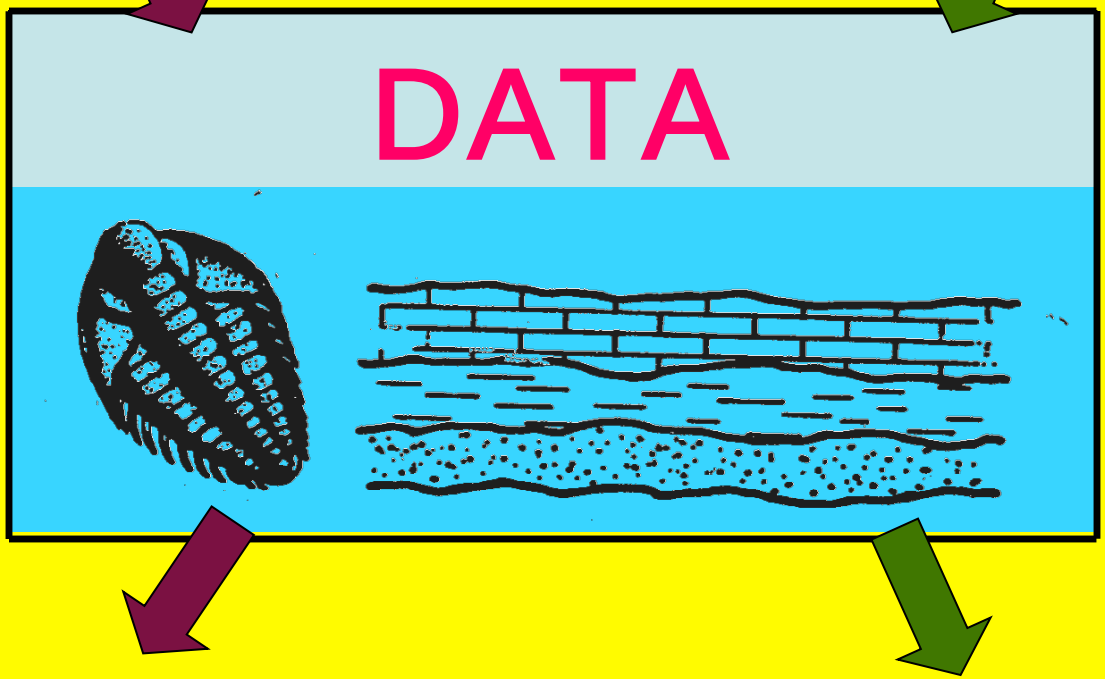
1. Theoretical
   < 1% Earth
2. Evolution
3. Missing
   66% < 5
4. Out of order




Little Water over
Lots of Time?
or
Lots of Water over
Little Time?

Presupposition A

Presupposition B

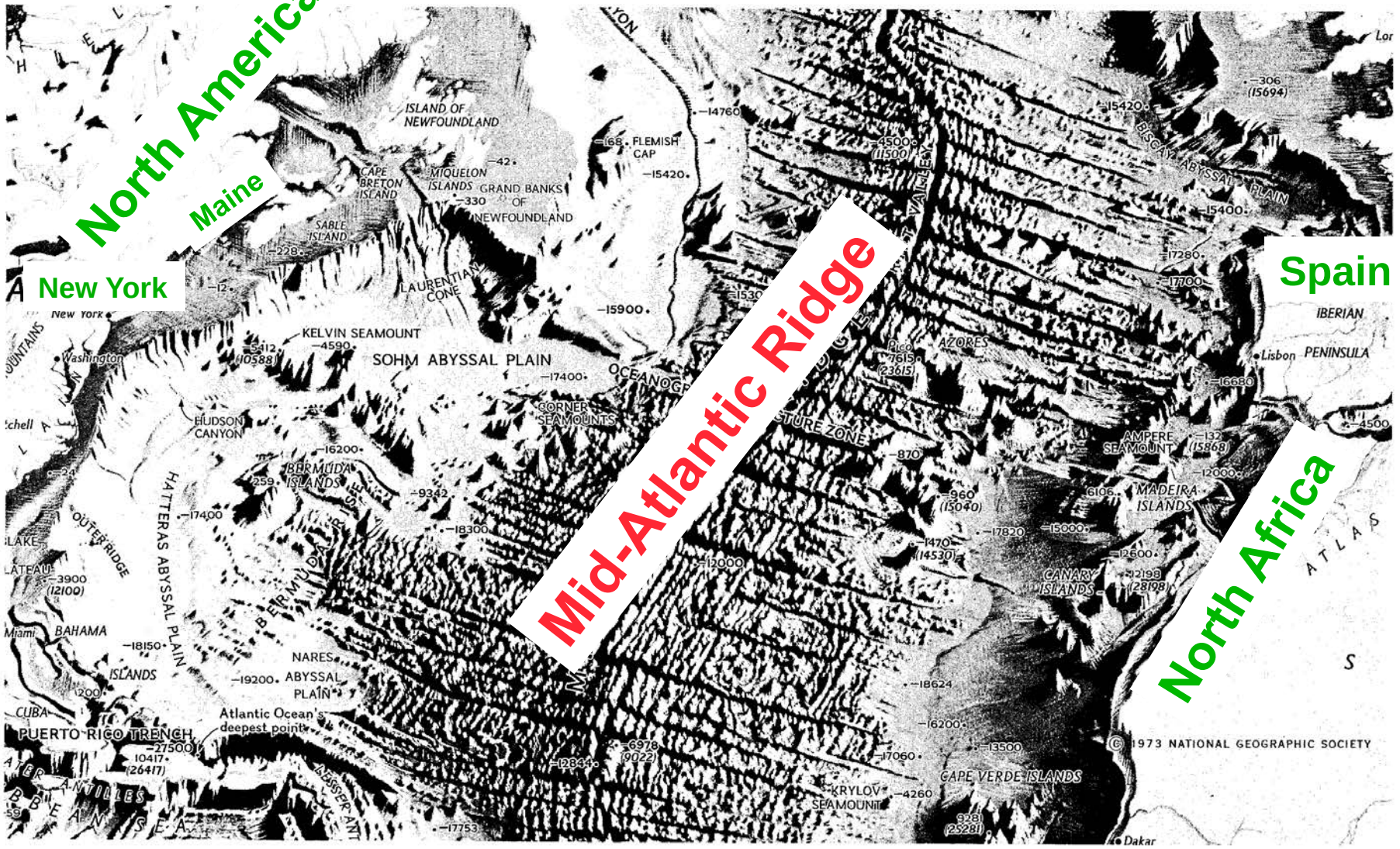


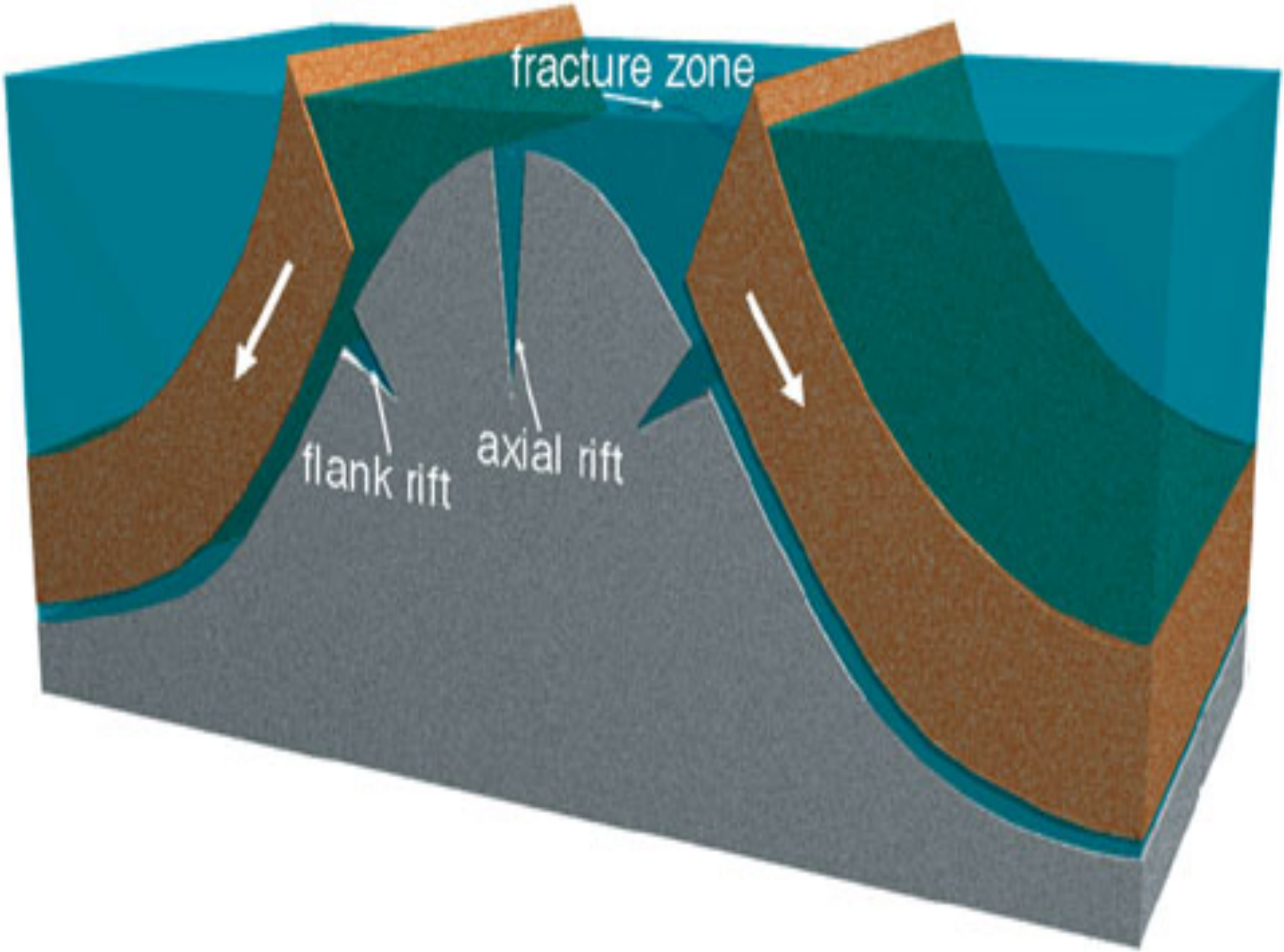
Interpretation A

Interpretation B

The Flood Split Continents

Plates spread in months - continental "*sprint*", not drift

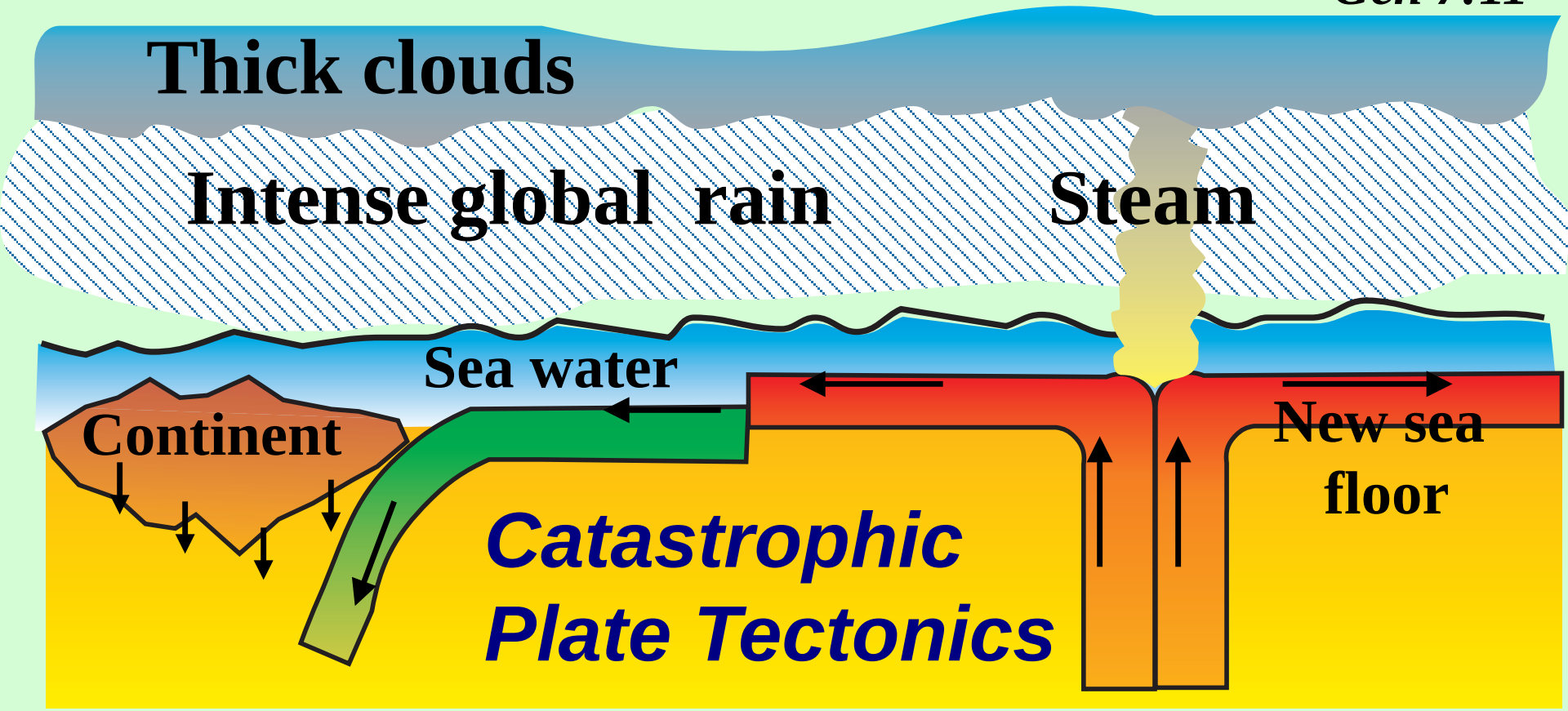



fracture zone
flank rift
axial rift

Water came from “the great deep”

“ all the fountains of the great deep burst open ”

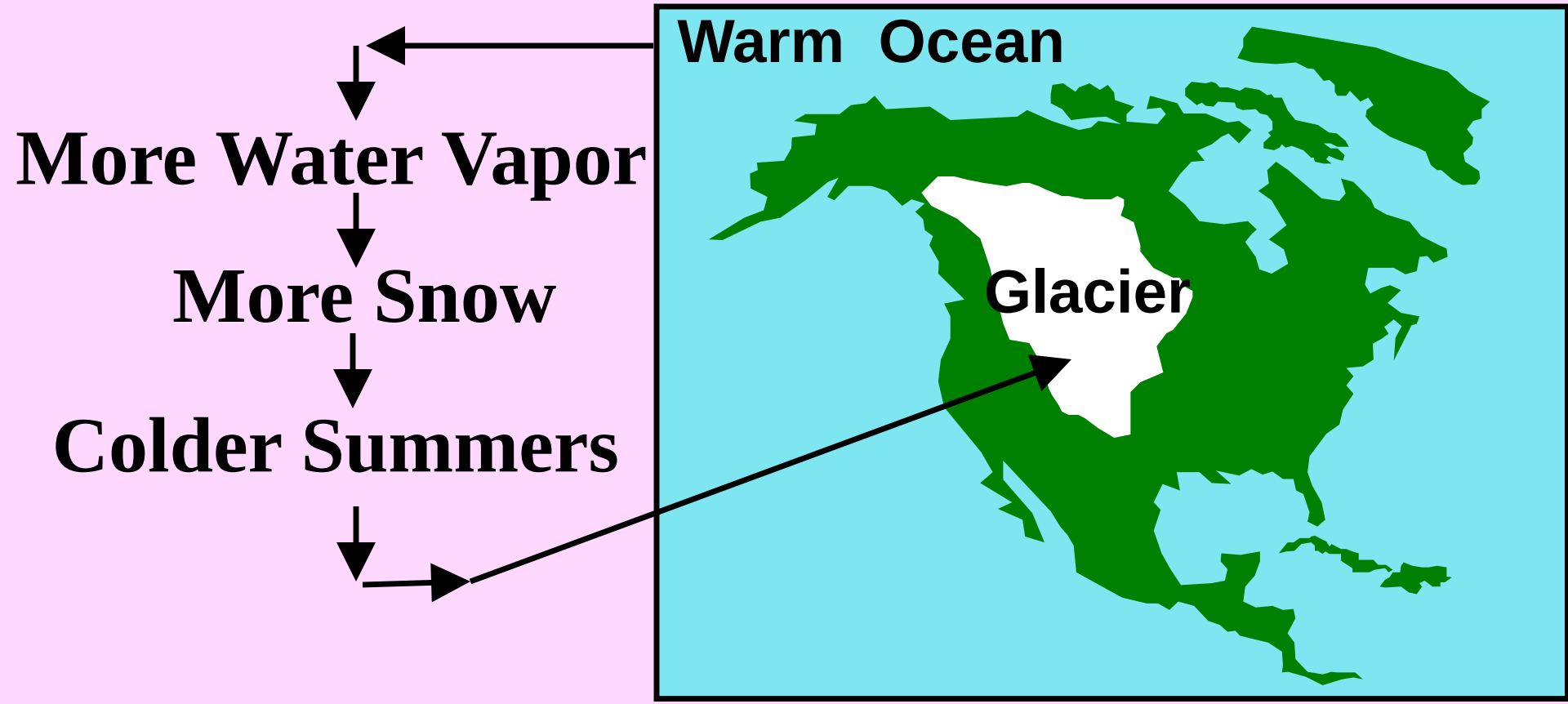
— Gen 7:11



“The underlying cause of glaciation remains in doubt ... At least 29 'explanations' have been advanced to account for widespread glaciations. Most of these had little chance of survival from the 1st, but others enjoyed some degree of success until they were rendered untenable by subsequently accumulated information.”

Dr Wm L Stokes

Flood Caused Ice Age



— Confirmed by NOAA computer code

SCIENCE

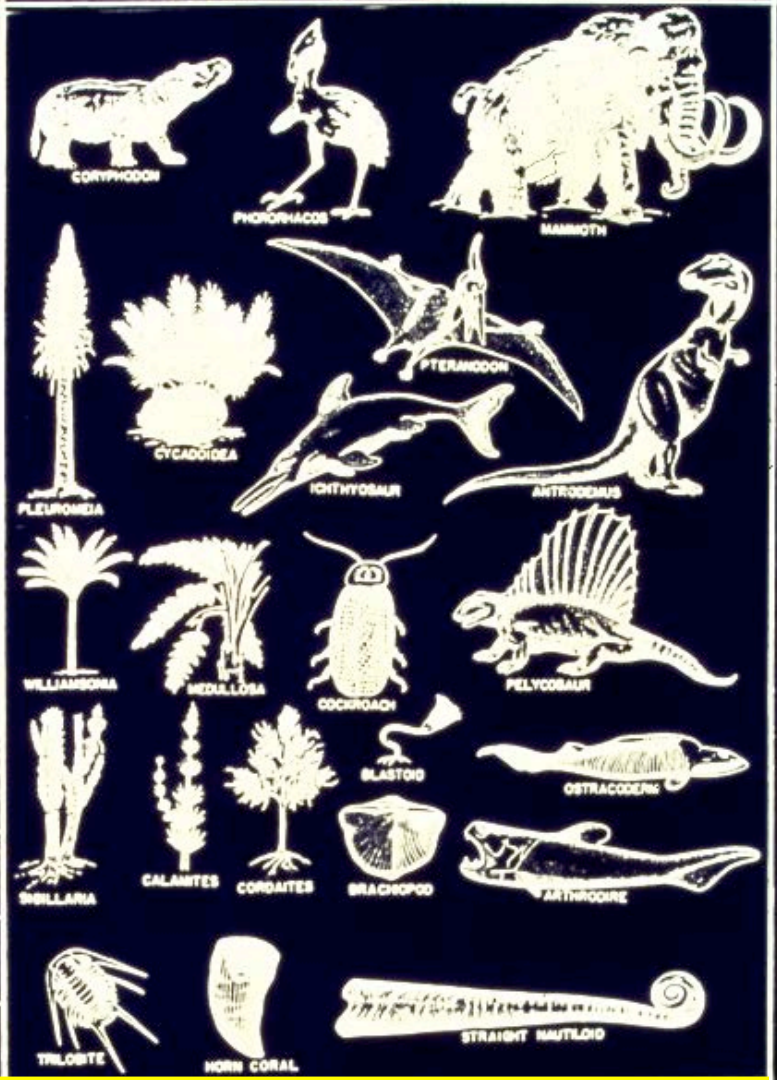
1. Fossils

Geological Column

Cambrian

Precambrian

ERA	PERIOD	MILLIONS OF YEARS START	MILLIONS OF YEARS DURATION
CENOZOIC	PLEISTOCENE	1	1
	PLIOCENE	11	10
	MIOCENE	25	14
	OLIGOCENE	40	15
	EOCENE	60	20
	PALEOCENE	70	10
MESOZOIC	CRETACEOUS	135	65
	JURASSIC	180	45
	TRIASSIC	225	45
PALEOZOIC	PERMIAN	270	55
	PENNSYLVANIAN	310	40
	MISSISSIPPIAN	350	40
	DEVONIAN	400	50
	SILURIAN	440	40
	ORDOVICIAN	500	60
	CAMBRIAN	600	100
PRECAMBRIAN	LATE	1700	1100
	EARLY	3440	1700



Absence of fossils of multicellular life

“Almost all of the fossils by their very manner of perfect preservation clearly show a sudden burial.”

Walter Lammerts

SCIENCE

1. Fossils
2. Fossil Graveyards

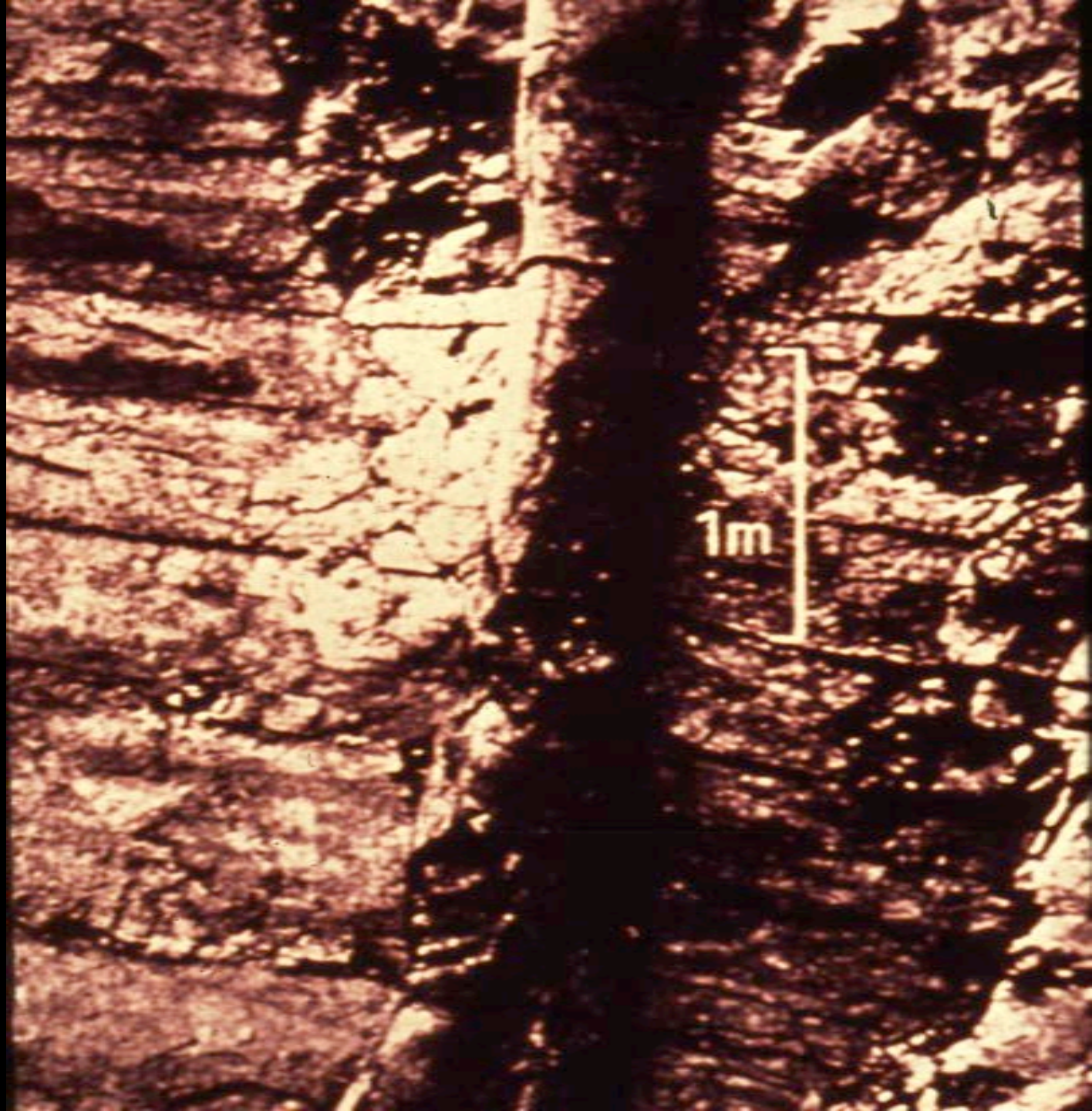
WORLDWIDE

- ✓Siberia
- ✓Alaska
- ✓Germany
- ✓Wyoming
- ✓Utah
- ✓Colorado
- ✓California

SCIENCE

1. Fossils
2. Fossil Graveyards
3. Polystrate Fossils

Ruhr
Germany



Tennessee

Kentucky

SCIENCE

1. Fossils
2. Fossil Graveyards
3. Polystrate Fossils
4. Coal & Oil

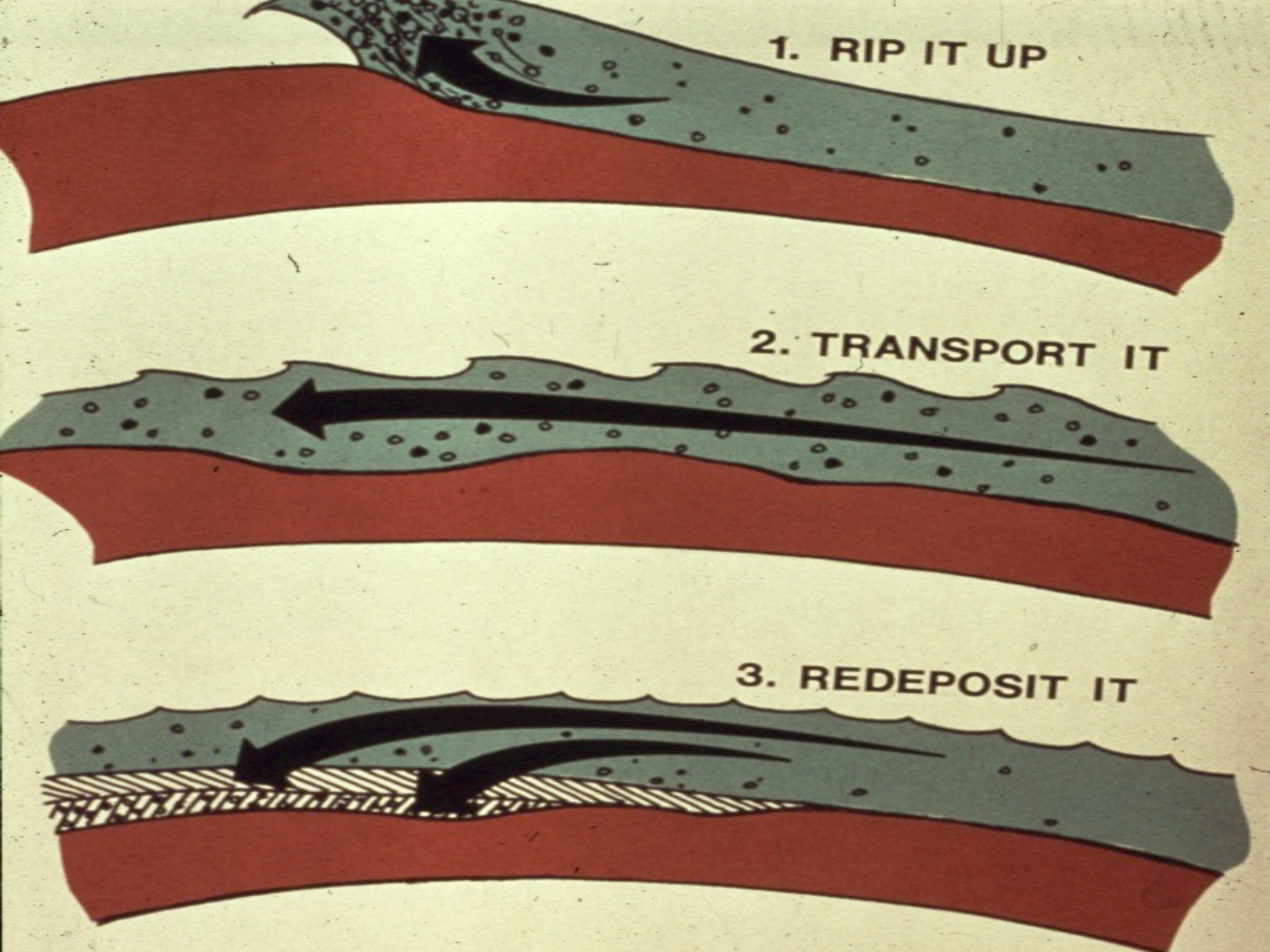
CONCLUSION

“Most coal was formed from plant material transported and buried by marine flood waters rather than from plants which accumulated in place in swamps or peat bogs.”

John Baumgartner

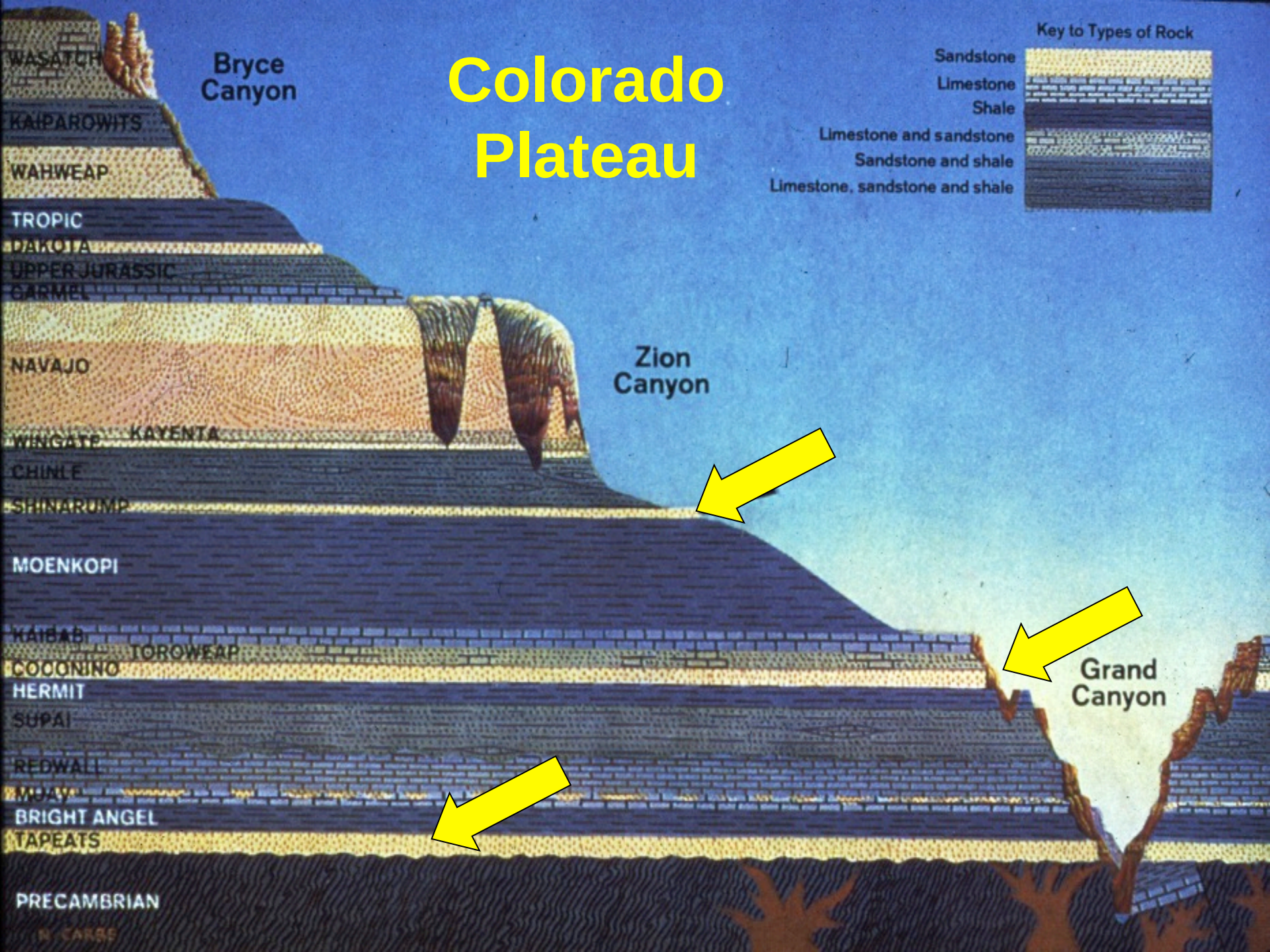
SCIENCE

1. Fossils
2. Fossil Graveyards
3. Polystrate Fossils
4. Coal & Oil
5. Sedimentation


1. RIP IT UP
2. TRANSPORT IT
3. REDEPOSIT IT

GRAND CANYON EVIDENCE

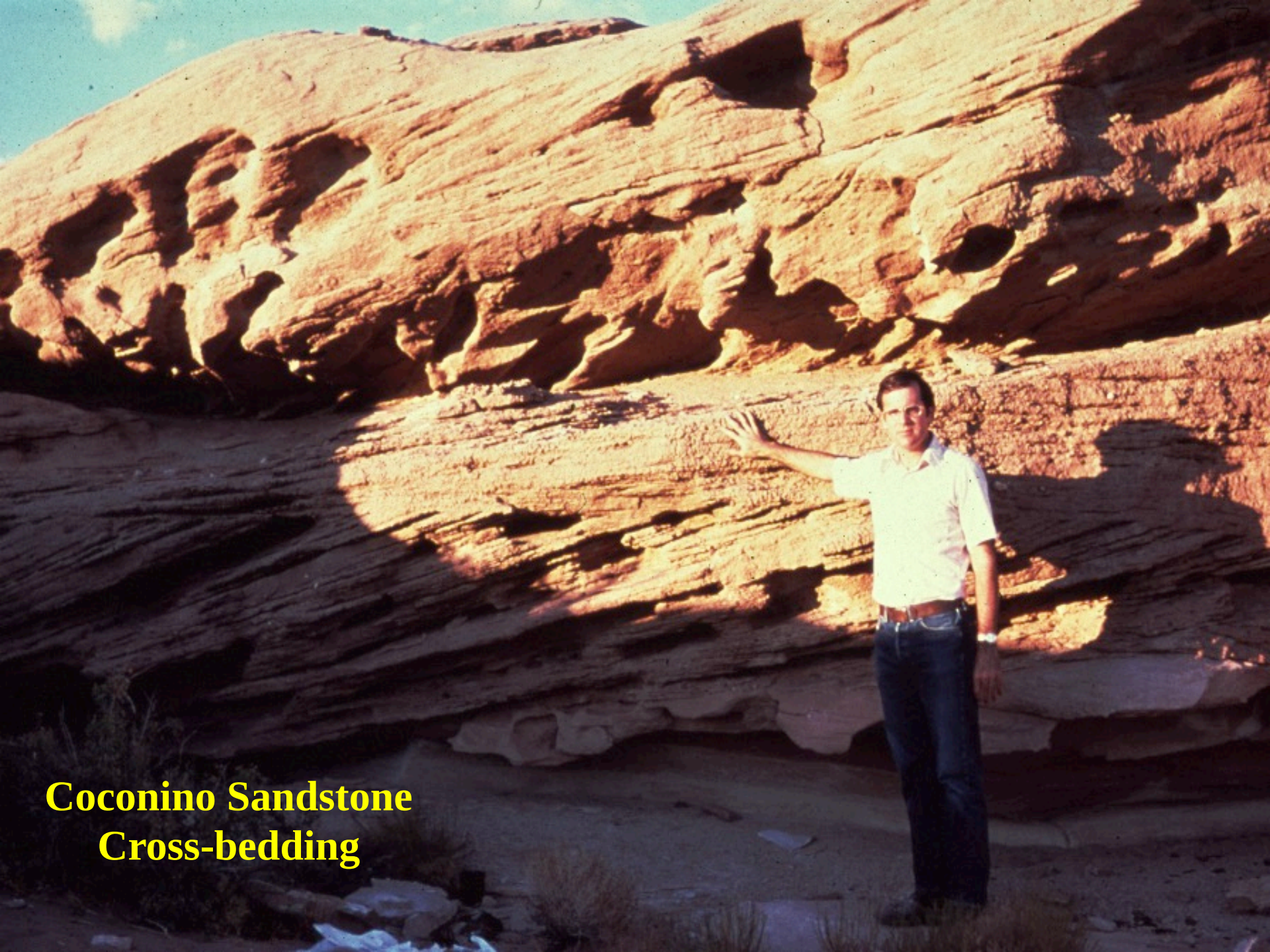

As much as 1 mile deep
as much as 18 mi across
over 277 miles Long


Colorado Plateau
Bryce Canyon
Zion Canyon
Grand Canyon
Key to Types of Rock
Sandstone
Limestone
Shale
Limestone and sandstone
Sandstone and shale
Limestone, sandstone and shale
WASATCH
KAIPAROWITS
WAHWEAP
TROPIC
DAKOTA
UPPER JURASSIC
CARMEL
NAVAJO
WINGATE
KAYENTA
CHINLE
SHINARUMP
MOENKOPI
KAIBAB
TOROWEAP
COCONINO
HERMIT
SUPAI
REDWALL
MUAV
BRIGHT ANGEL
TAPEATS
PRECAMBRIAN

EVIDENCE

1. Folding

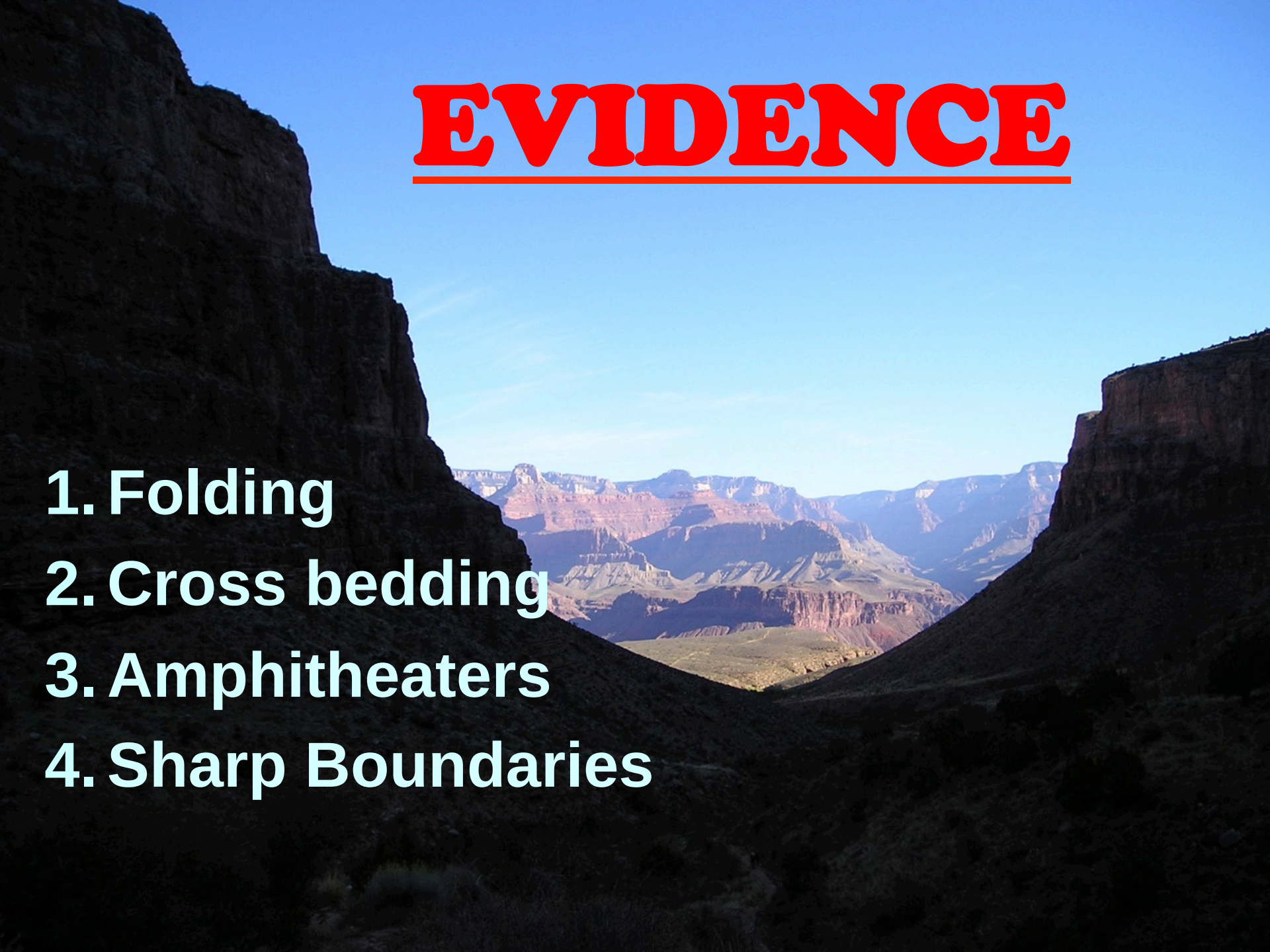

EVIDENCE
1. Folding
2. Cross bedding



Coconino Sandstone
Cross-bedding

EVIDENCE

1. Folding
2. Cross bedding
3. Amphitheaters



EVIDENCE

1. Folding
2. Cross bedding
3. Amphitheaters
4. Sharp Boundaries

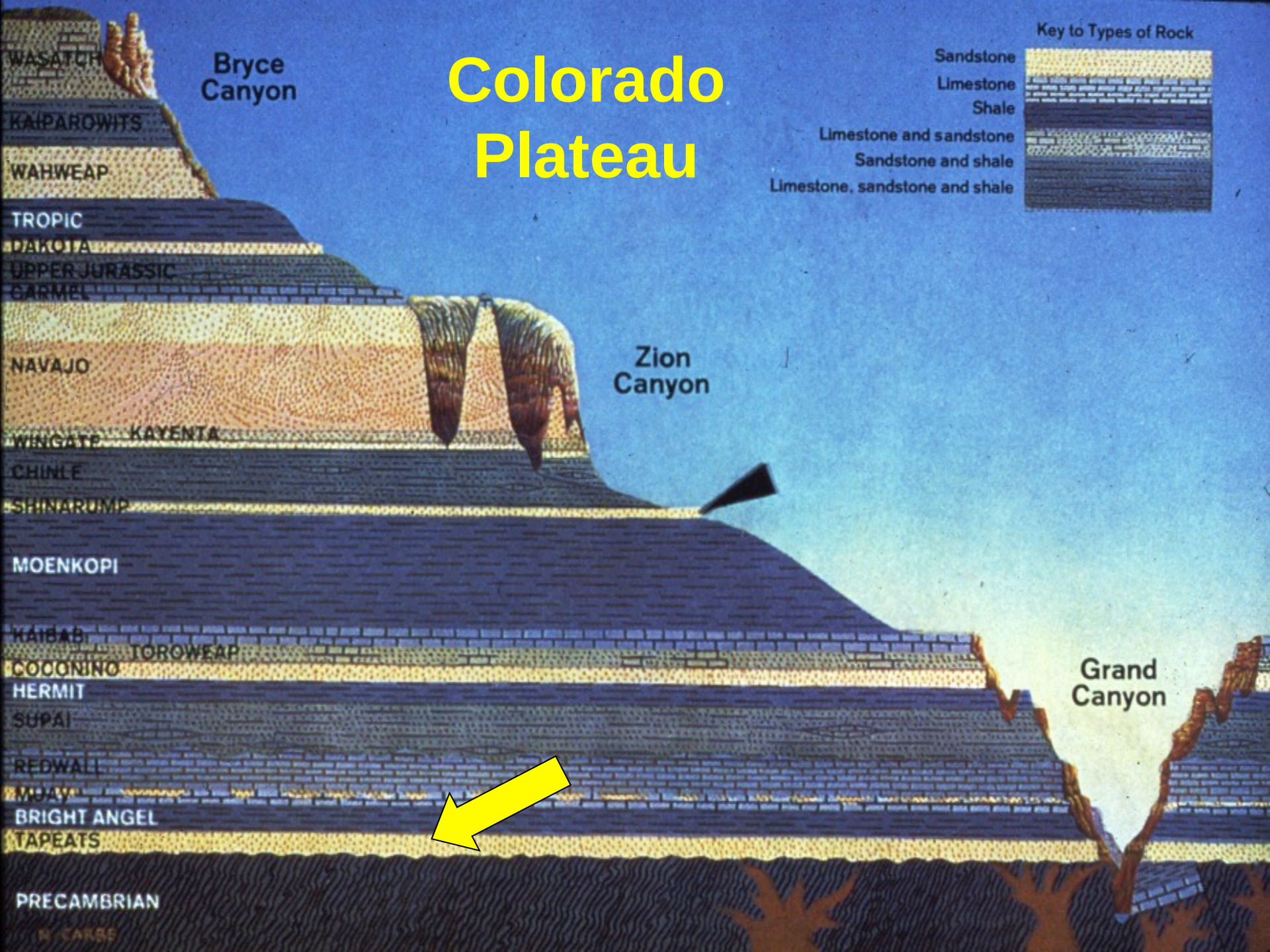
Cliffs of Coconino Sandstone along Bright Angel Trail on Grand Canyon's South Rim

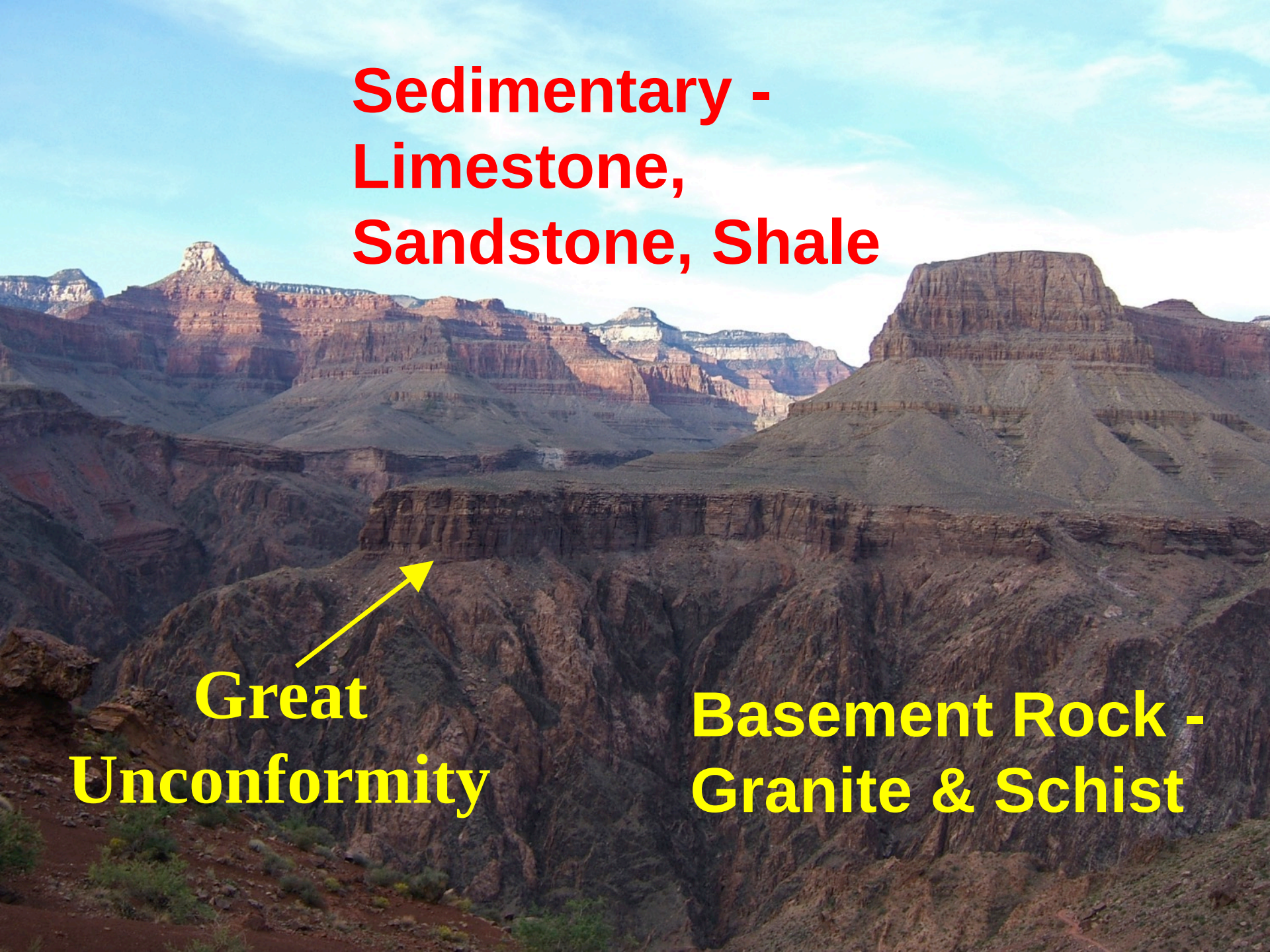

Coconino
Sandstone
Hermit Shale


Coconino Sandstone
Hermit Shale

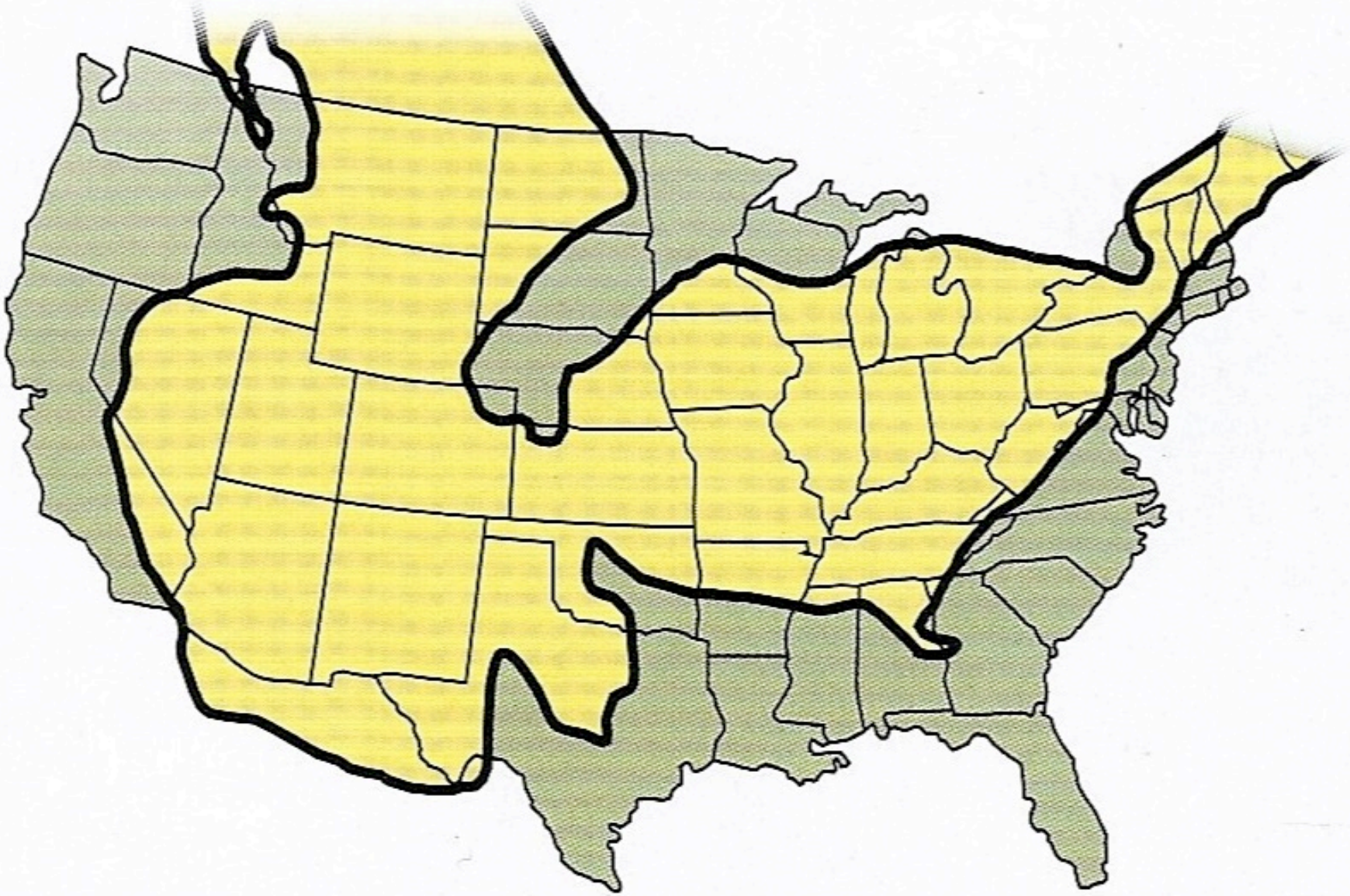
EVIDENCE

1. Folding
2. Cross bedding
3. Amphitheaters
4. Sharp Boundaries
5. Great Unconformity


Colorado Plateau
Bryce Canyon
Zion Canyon
Grand Canyon
Key to Types of Rock
Sandstone
Limestone
Shale
Limestone and sandstone
Sandstone and shale
Limestone, sandstone and shale
WASATCH
KAIPAROWITS
WAHWEAP
TROPIC
DAKOTA
UPPER JURASSIC
CARMEL
NAVAJO
KAYENTA
WINGATE
CHINLE
SHINARUMP
MOENKOPI
KAIBAB
TOROWEAP
COCONINO
HERMIT
SUPAI
REDWALL
MUAV
BRIGHT ANGEL
TAPEATS
PRECAMBRIAN


Sedimentary -
Limestone,
Sandstone, Shale
Great
Unconformity
Basement Rock -
Granite & Schist

TAPEATS SANDSTONE



SCIENCE

1. Fossils
2. Fossil Graveyards
3. Polystrate Fossils
4. Coal & Oil
5. Sedimentation
6. Catastrophes


Elevation -
9677
USGS

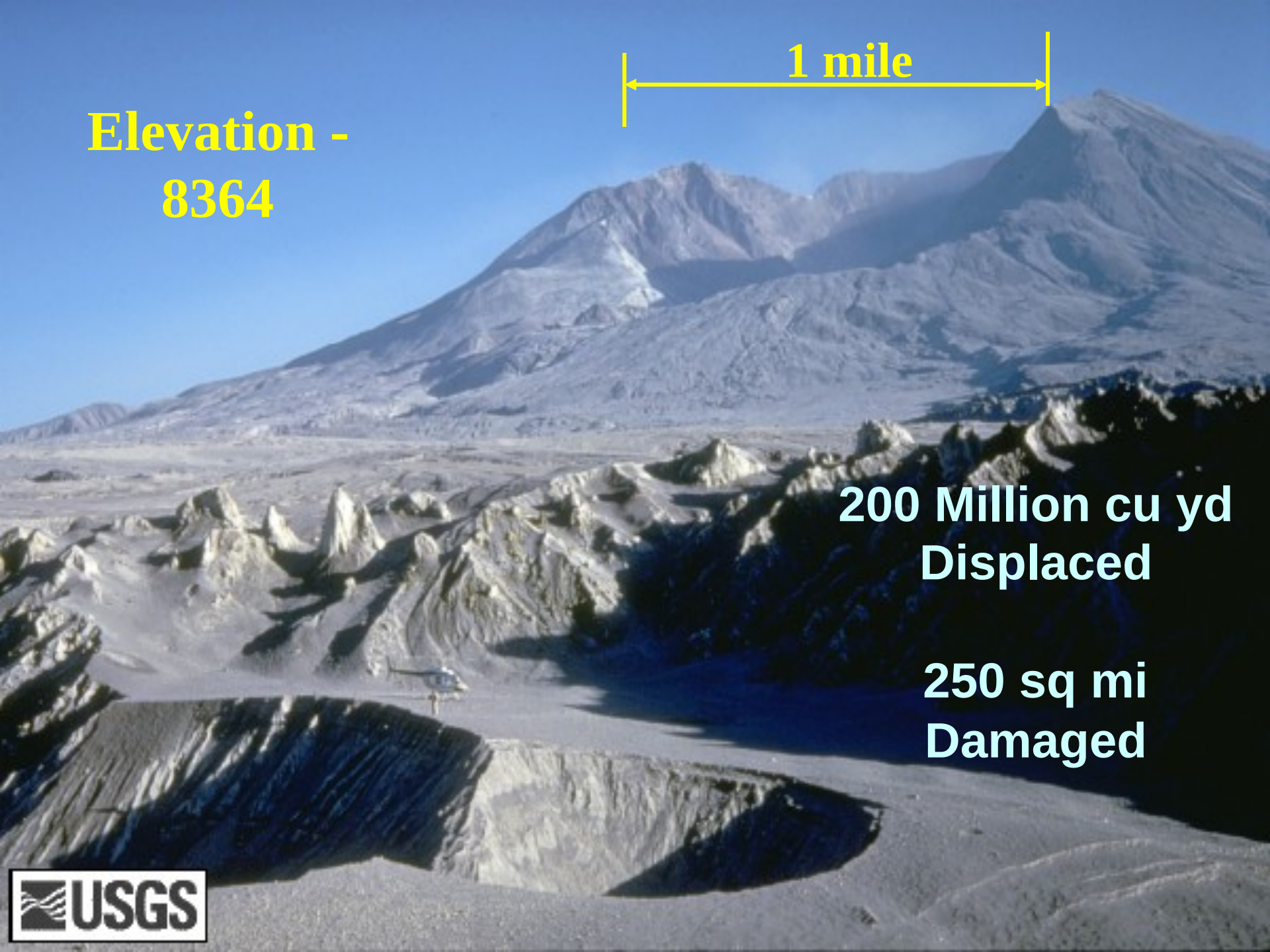

May 17, 1980
USGS

Mt St Helens
May 18, 1980

Energy =
1 atomic bomb/sec
over eruption
(30,000 total)


Mt St Helens – before

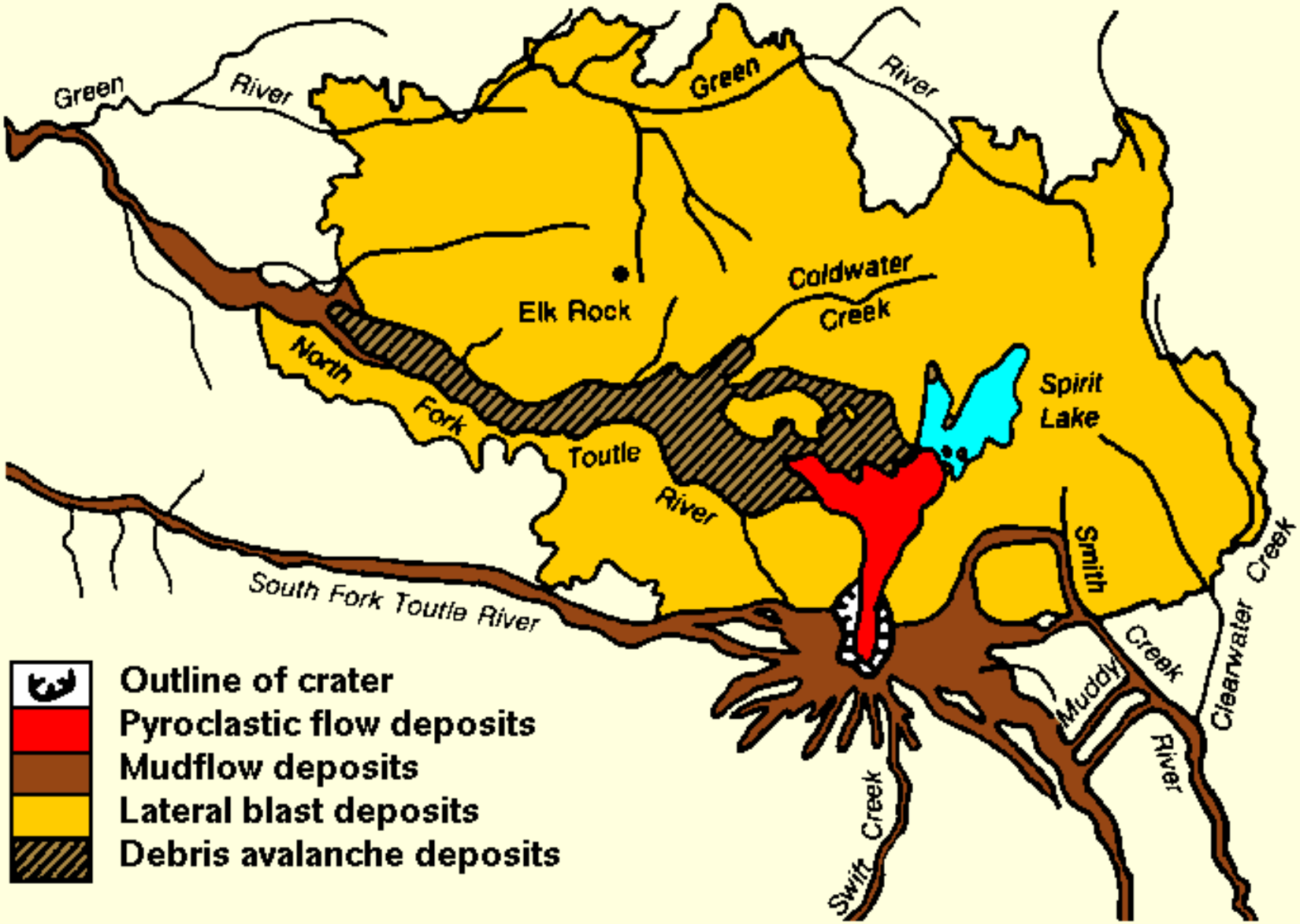

USGS


1 mile
Elevation - 8364
200 Million cu yd Displaced
250 sq mi Damaged
USGS


Mt Rainier (14,410)
Spirit Lake
USGS

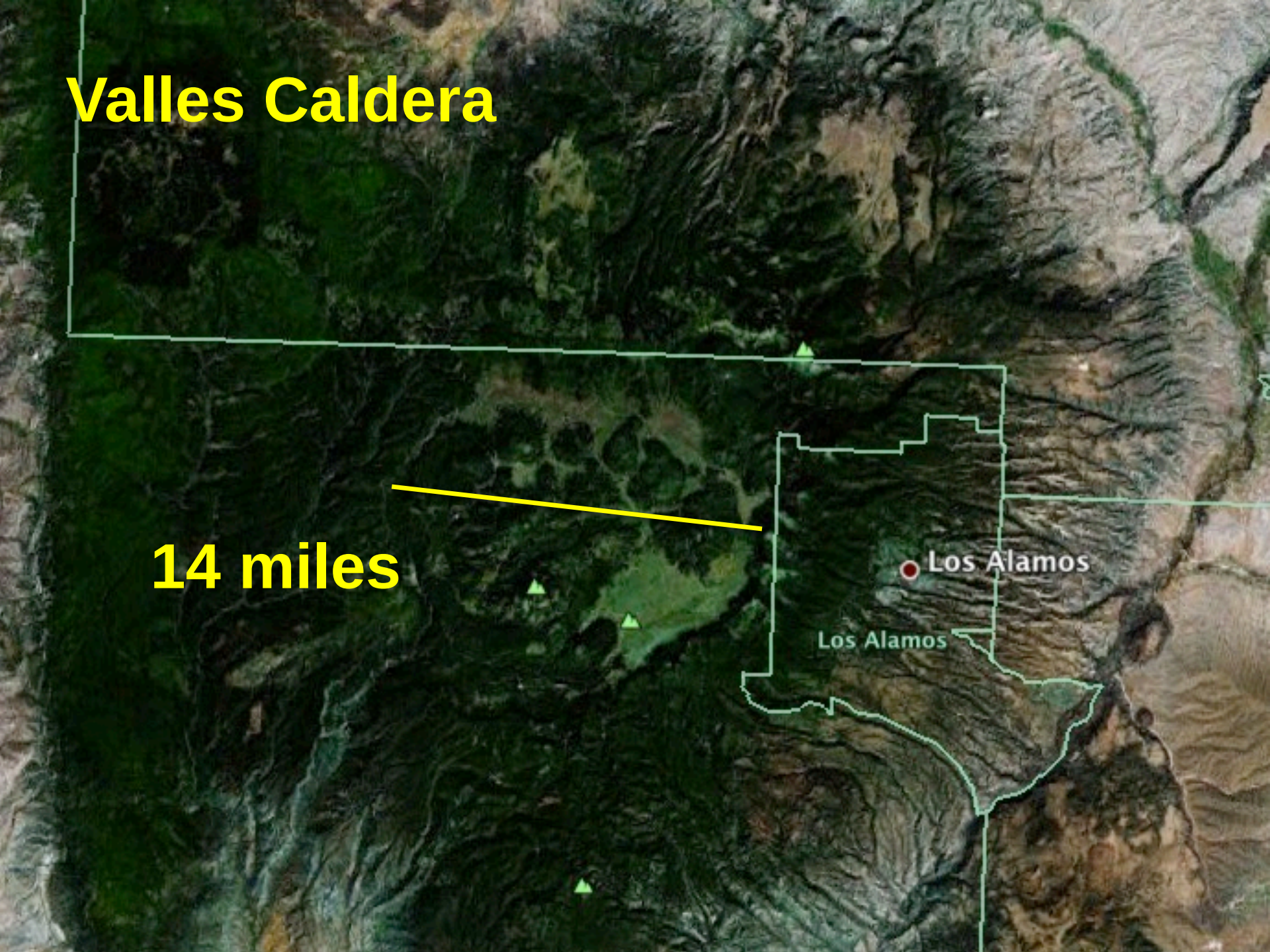

10 miles
2012

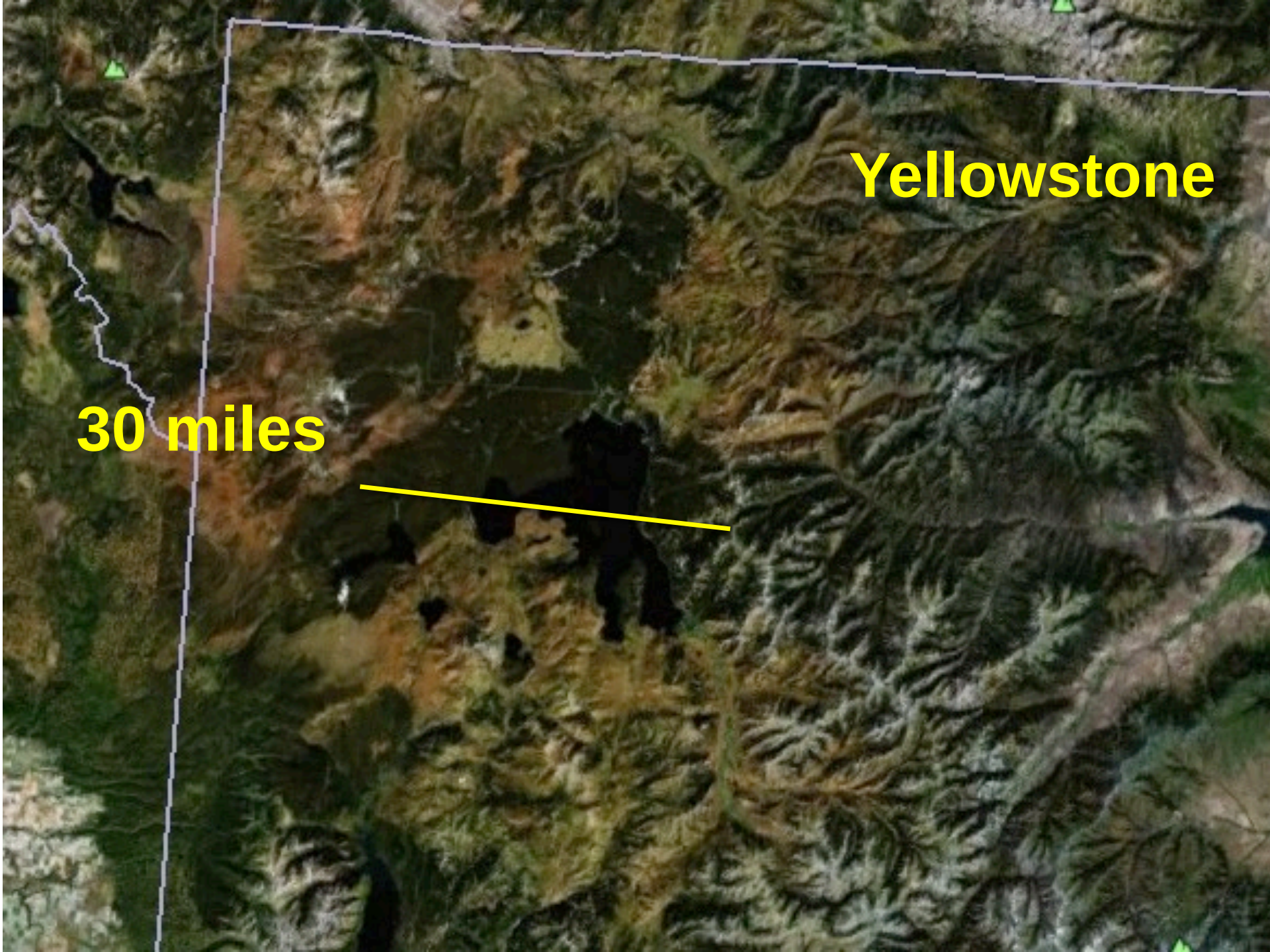
Mount St. Helens May 18, 1980 Devastation



USGS

Topinka, USGS/CVO, 1997, Modified from: Tilling, Topinka, and Swanson, 1990, Eruptions of Mount St. Helens: Past, Present, and Future


Valles Caldera
14 miles
Los Alamos
Los Alamos


Yellowstone
30 miles

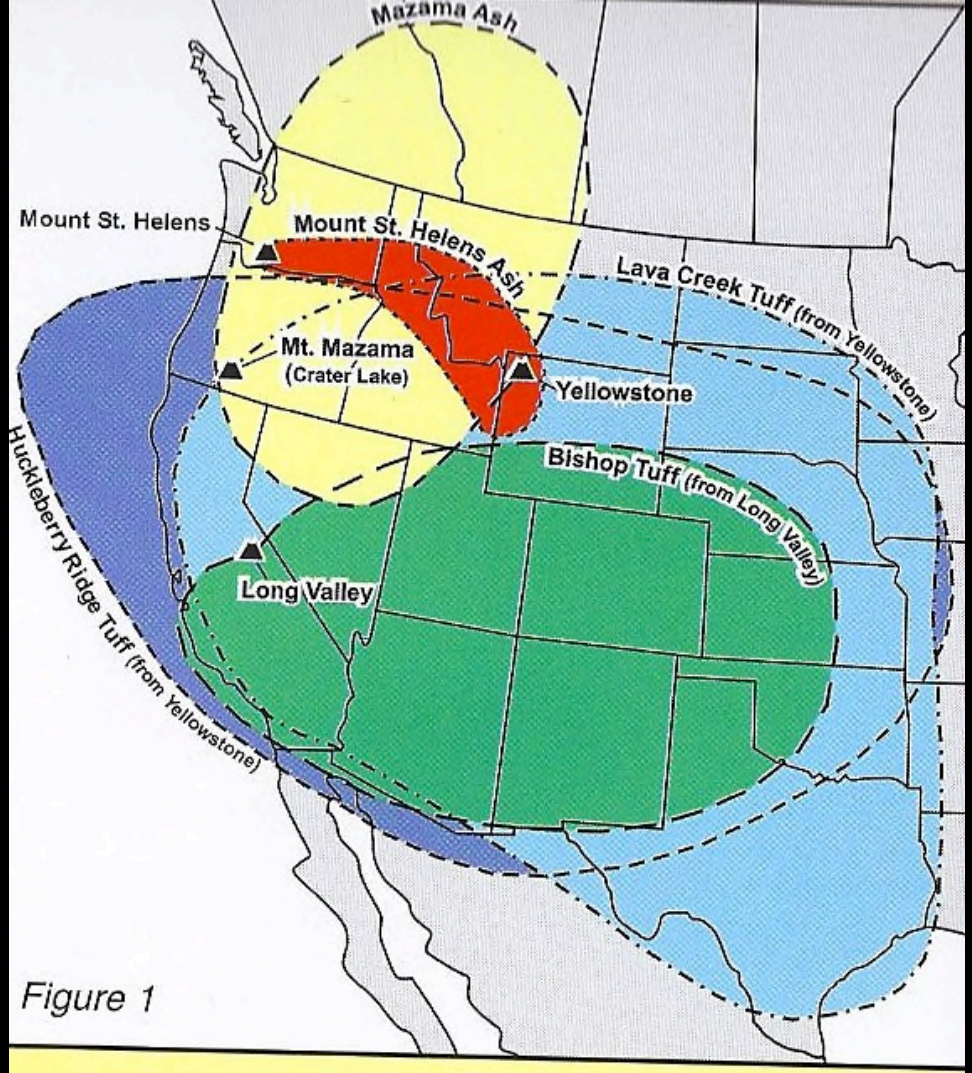
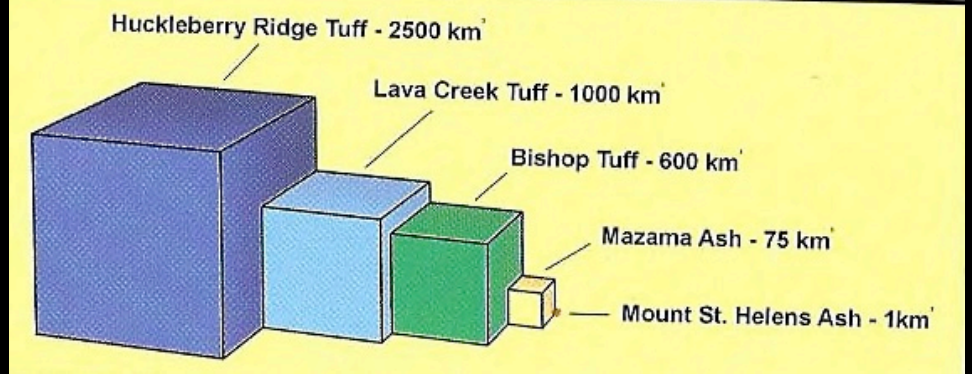
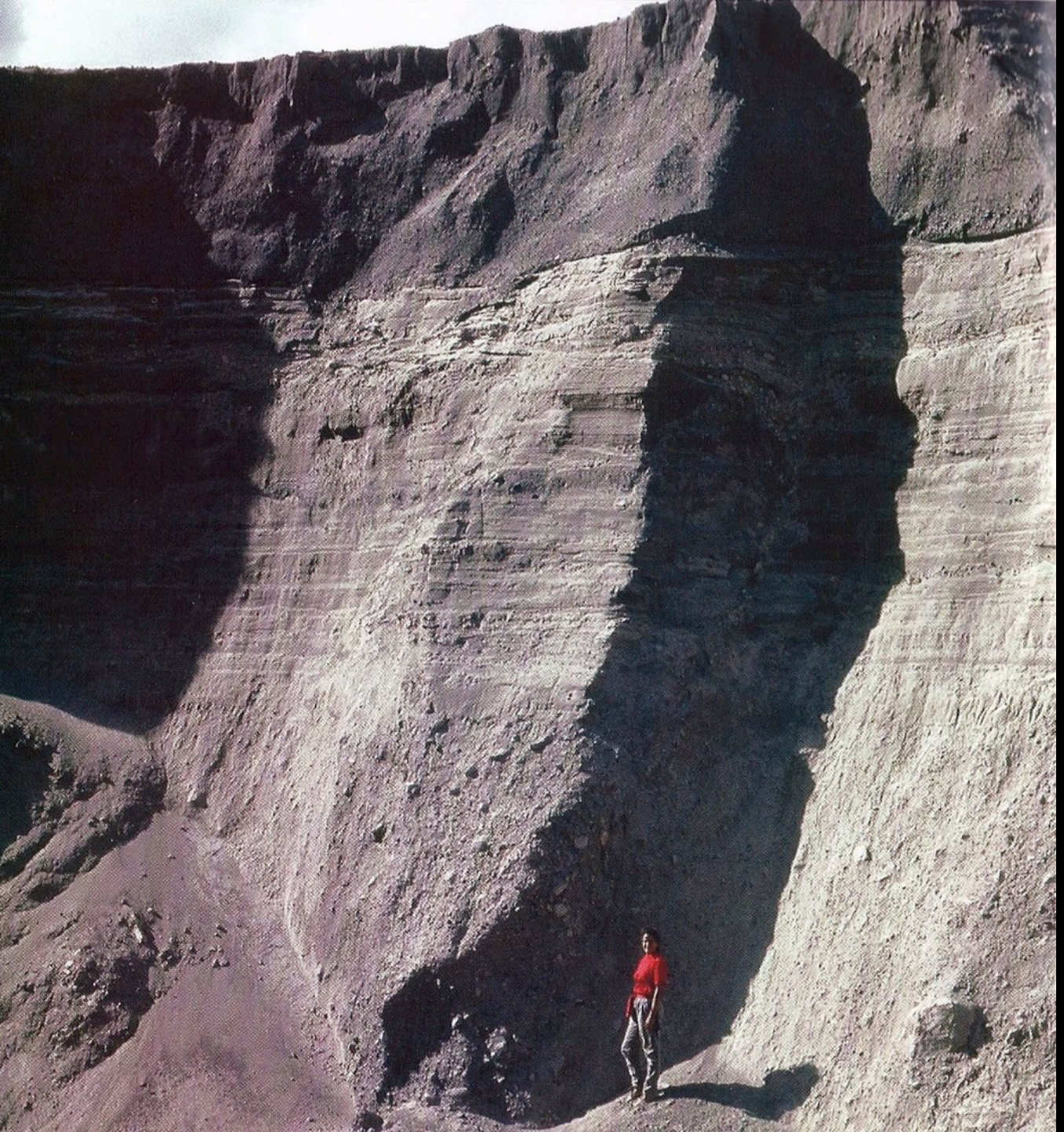

Mazama Ash
Mount St. Helens
Mount St. Helens Ash
Lava Creek Tuff (from Yellowstone)
Mt. Mazama
(Crater Lake)
Yellowstone
Bishop Tuff (from Long Valley)
Long Valley
Huckleberry Ridge Tuff (from Yellowstone)

Figure 1


Huckleberry Ridge Tuff - 2500 km³
Lava Creek Tuff - 1000 km³
Bishop Tuff - 600 km³
Mazama Ash - 75 km³
Mount St. Helens Ash - 1km³

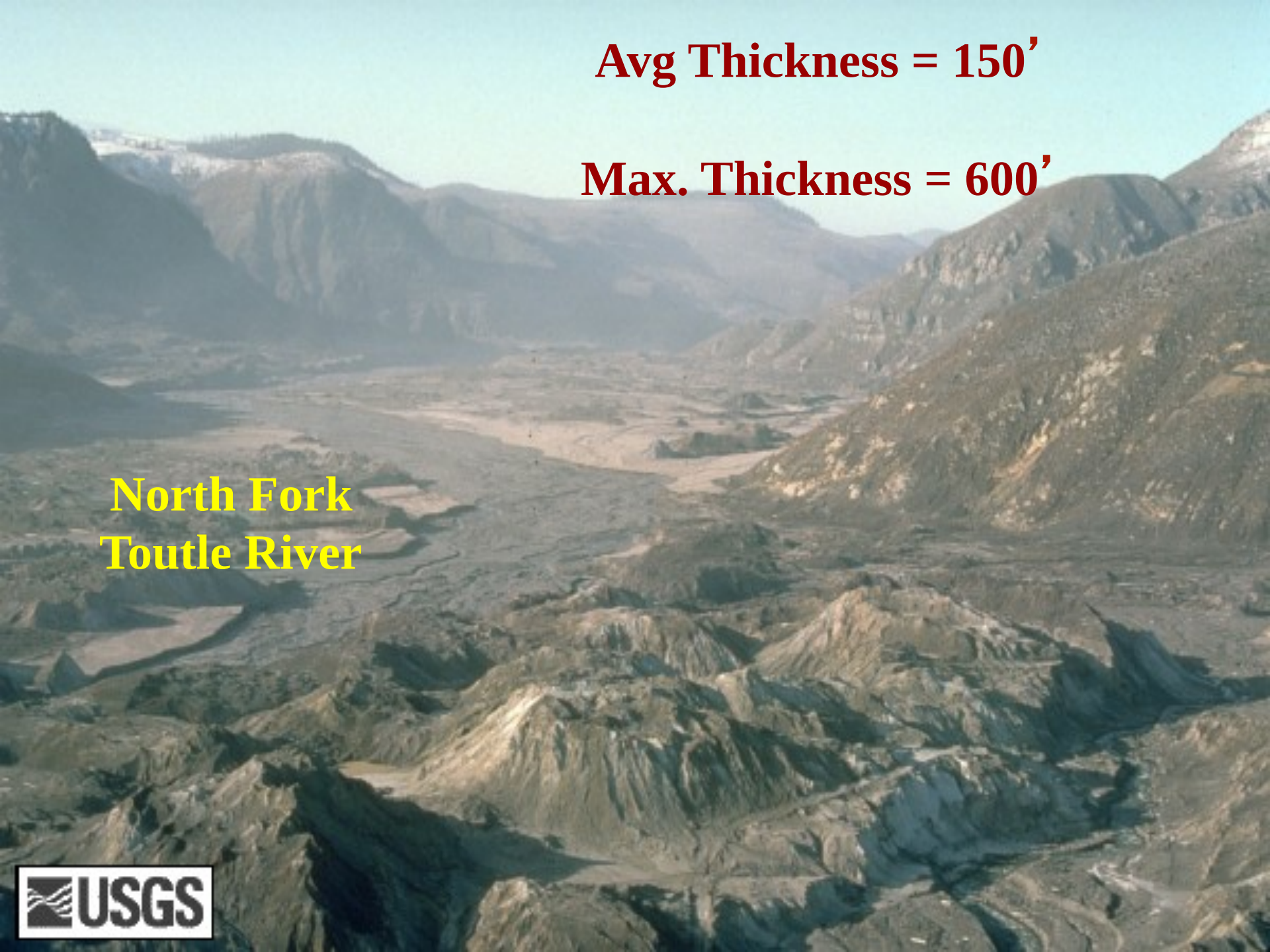
RAPID FORMATION

- Erosion
- Sedimentation
- Stratification


3/19/82
6/12/80
(5 hrs)
25’
5/18/80
(air-fall
debris)

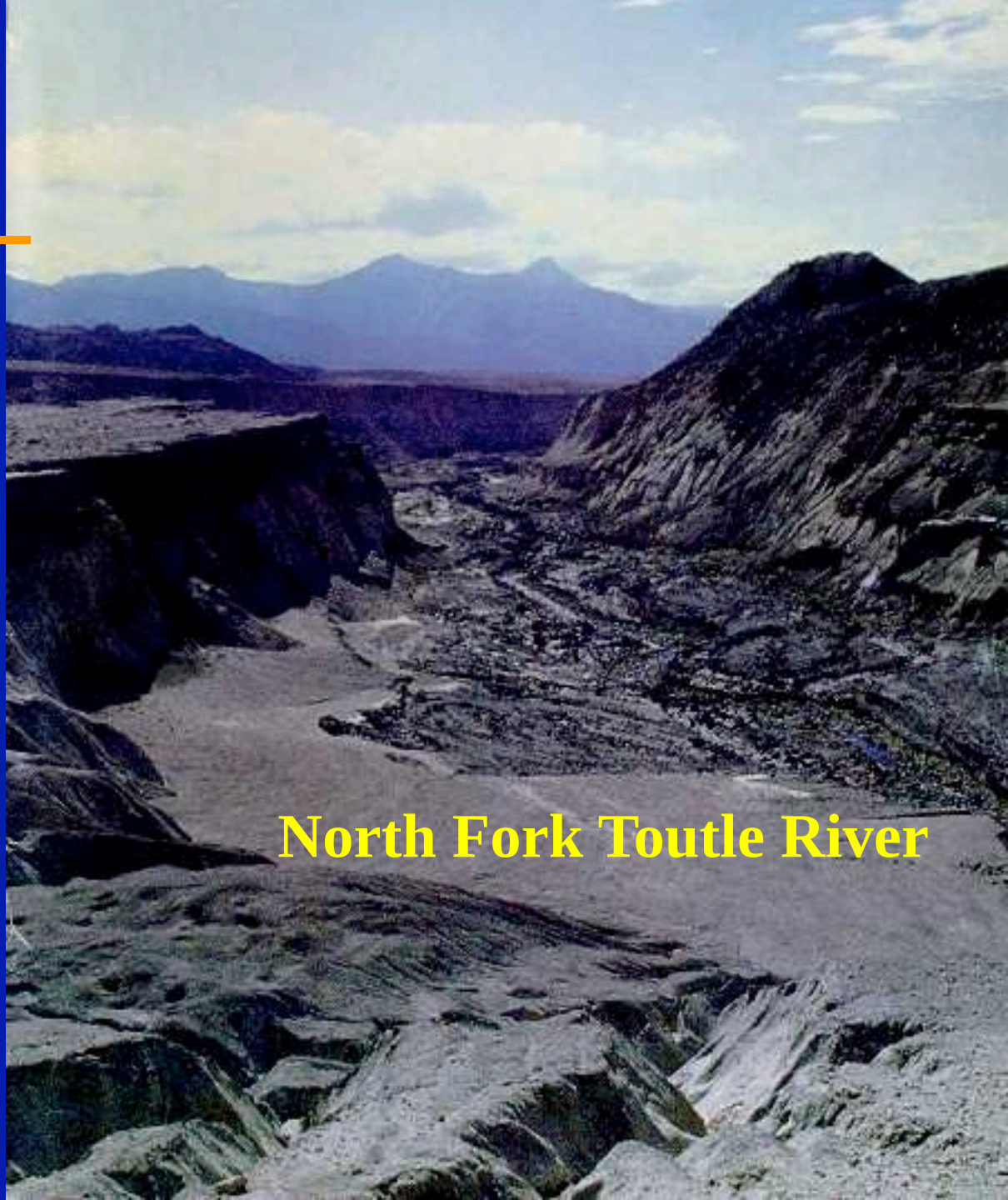
RAPID FORMATION

- Erosion
- Sedimentation
- Stratification
- Log Deposition
- Coal Possibly
- Canyon


Avg Thickness = 150’
Max. Thickness = 600’
North Fork
Toutle River
USGS

Mt St Helens –
March 19, 1982

1/40 scale Grand Canyon formed



IMPLICATIONS

- If God is Creator, then all men stand accountable to Him.

- If the Flood is historical, then all men will face God as Judge.